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# The Columbian.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1886.

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Nov 28-1y

SANDORF SAW HIM PASS HIM, ALMOST TOUCHING HIM WITH HIS ARMS WIDE OPEN.

# Mathias Sandorf.

—BY—

## JULES VERNE.

AUTHOR OF "JOURNEY TO THE CENTRE OF THE EARTH," "TRIP TO THE MOON," "AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS," "MICHAEL STROGOFF," "TWENTY THOUSAND LEAGUES UNDER THE SEA," ETC., ETC.

[TRANSLATION COPYRIGHTED, 1885.]

(CHAPTER EIGHT—CONCLUDED.)

And these are the phrases they heard at different intervals:

* * * * * * *

"To-morrow after the execution, you will be free."

* * * * * * *

"And then Count Sandorf's goods we share—"

* * * * * * *

"Without me you never would have deciphered that message,"

* * * * * * *

"And without me—if I had not taken it from the pigeon you never would have got hold of it—"

* * * * * * *

Well, no one would suspect that the police owe—"

* * * * * * *

"Even the prisoners have no suspicion."

* * * * * * *

"Neither relatives nor friends are coming to see them."

* * * * * * *

"To-morrow, Sarcany—."

* * * * * * *

"To-morrow, Silas Toronthal."

* * * * * * *

Then the voices were silent, and the sound of a door being shut was heard.

"Sarcany! Silas Toronthal!" exclaimed Sandorf. "That is where it came from!"

He looked at his friends, and was quite pale. His heart stopped beating in the grip of the spasm.

His eyes dilated, his neck stiffened, his head sank back to his shoulders—everything showed that his energetic nature was in the grasp of terrible anger, pushed to its furthest extreme.

"Those two! The scoundrels! Those two!" he repeated with a sort of a roar.

Then he corrected himself—looked round him, and strode across the cell.

"Escape! Escape!" he exclaimed "We must escape!"

And this man, who would have walked bravely to death a few hours later, this man who had never even thought of making an effort for his life, this man had now but one thought—to live, and live to punish those two traitors, Sarcany and Toronthal!

"Yes! To be revenged?" exclaimed Bathory and Zathmar.

"To be revenged? No! To do justice."

All the Count Sandorf was in these words.

### CHAPTER IX.

THE DONJON OF PISINO.

The fortress of Pisino is one of the most formidable buildings which arose in the middle ages. It has a fine feudal aspect. It only wants the knights in its vaulted halls and the ladies in their long brocaded robes and pointed bonnets at its arched windows, and the archers and crossbowmen on its machicolations, its battlemented galleries, at the embrasures of its mangonals, its portcullis and its drawbridges. The stonework is still intact; but the Governor with his Austrian uniform, the soldiers with their hold upon in any part of it; nothing but the uncertain lines, smooth, rugged and irregular, which mark the oblique clearage of the rocks. In a word, it is an abyss which attracts, fassinates and never gives back anything that drops into it.

Above the abyss rises one of the side walls of the donjon, pierced with a few windows giving light to the cells on the different floors. Were a prisoner to lean out of one of these openings he would recoil with terror, lest vertigo drag him into the void below. And if he fell what would be his fate? His body would be dashed to pieces on the rocks at the bottom, or it would be carried away by the torrent whose current during flood is irresistible.

The abyss is the Brico, as it is called in the district. Through it runs a river known as the Foiba. This river finds its only outlet in a cavern which it has gradually cut out of the rocks, and into which it falls with the impetuousity of a tide-race or a whirlpool. Where does it go as it passes under the town? No one knows. Where does it reappear? Not one knows of this cavern, or rather this canal, bored in the schists and clays—no one knows the length, the height or the direction. Who can say what thousands of angles, what forests of pillars supporting the enormous substructure of the fortress and entire city its waters are dashed against in their course? Many bold explorers, when the water-level has been neither too high nor too low, have taken a light boat and endeavored to descend the Foiba through the gloomy tunnel, but the arches have been too low and have soon interposed an impracticable obstacle. In fact, nothing is known of this subterranean river. Perhaps it is lost in some still deeper cavern and enters the Adriatic below the tide mark.

Such, then, was the Brico, of which Count Sandorf did not even know the existence; and as the only escape was by the window of his cell, which opened above the Brico, he would be almost as certain to meet his death as if he stood in front of the firing party on the morning of his execution.

Zathmar and Bathory waited but for the time to act, ready to remain behind, if necessary, and sacrifice themselves to help Count Sandorf, or ready to follow him if their flight would not hamper his.

"We'll all three go," said Sandorf. "Wait till we get out before we separate!"

Eight o'clock then struck from the clock in the town. The prisoners had only twelve hours to live.

Night began to close in—a night which promised to be very dark. Thick, almost motionless clouds unrolled themselves cumbrously across the sky. The atmosphere was heavy, almost unbreathable, and saturated with electricity. A violent storm was coming on. Lightning had not yet passed between these masses of vapor, heaped around like so many accumulators, but distant growlings were heard along the summits of the hills that encircle Pisino.

Under such circumstances offered there was some chance of success, if an unknown gulf had not gaped beneath the feet of the fugitives. In a dark night they might not be seen. In a noisy night they might not be heard.

As Sandorf had instantly recognized, flight was only possible through the window of the cell. To force the door, to cut into its strong planks of oak, all bound and ironed, was not to be dreamed of. Besides, the step of a sentinel resounded on the flags of the corridor. And once the door was cleared, how were they to find their way through the labyrinth of the fortress? How were they to pass the portcullis and drawbridges, at which there were always so many men on guard? On the side of the Brico there was no sentinel; but the Brico was a better defence to the face of the donjon than a cordon of sentries.

Sandorf then went to the window and examined it, to see if they could squeeze through it.

This window was exactly three and a half feet wide and two feet high. The gap widened as it ran outwards through the wall, which hereabouts was nearly four feet thick. A solid crossbar of iron guarded it. It was fixed in the side near the interior opening. There were none of those wooden boards which allow the light only to enter from above, for they would have been useless, owing to the position of the opening. If, then, the crossbar could be removed or displaced it would be easy to get through the window, which was not unlike an embrasure in a fortress wall.

But once the passage was free, how were they to make the descent down the perpendicular side? By a ladder? The prisoners had not one and could not make one. By the bed-clothes? They had only the heavy woolen counterpanes thrown on the mattresses which lay on the iron frames fixed to the wall. It would have been impossible to have escaped by the window if Count Sandorf had not noticed a chain, or rather an iron rope, hanging outside, which might aid them to escape.

The cable was the lightning conductor fixed to the crest of the roof above the side of the donjon, the wall of which rose straight from the Brico.

"Do you see that cable?" said Count Sandorf to his two friends. "You must have the courage to use it if you want to make your escape."

"The courage we have," said Zathmar; "but have we the strength?"

"What does it matter?" replied Bathory: "if strength fail us we shall die an hour or two sooner, that is all."

"There is no need to die, Stephen," said Sandorf. "Listen to me, and you also, Ladislas: do not miss any of my words. If we possessed a rope, we should not hesitate to hang ourselves outside the window, so that we might slip to the ground. Now this cable is better than a rope, because its rigidity will render its descent much easier. Like all lightning conductors, there is no doubt but that it is fastened to the wall with staples. These staples will be fixed points on which our feet may find a rest. There is no swinging to dread, because the cable is fixed to the wall. There is no vertigo to fear, because it is night and you will see nothing. Then, once through the window, we have only to keep our coolness and courage and we are free. That we risk our lives is possible. But it gives us ten chances to one; whereas if we wait till the morning, and our keepers find us here, it is hundreds upon hundreds to one that we have to die!"

"Be it so," replied Zathmar.

"Where does the cable end?" asked Bathory.

"In a well probably," answered Sandorf, "but certainly outside the donjon, and we'll take advantage of it. I do not know. I only see one thing at the end of it, and that is liberty—perhaps!"

Count Sandorf was right in his supposition that the lightning conductor was fastened to the wall by staples at equal distances. The descent would thus be easy, for the fugitives could use the staples as stepping stones to keep them from sliding down too swiftly. But what they did not know was that when it left the crest of the plateau on which rose the wall of the donjon the iron cable became free, plunged into the waters of the Foiba, then swollen by recent rains. Where they reckoned on finding firm ground at the bottom of the gorge was a foaming torrent, leaping impetuously into the caverns of the Brico. If they had known this, would they then have recoiled from their attempted escape? No.

"Death for death," said Sandorf. "We may die after doing all we can to escape death."

The first thing was to clear the passage through the window. The crossbar that obstructed it would have to be removed. How was this to be done without a pair of pinchers, a wrench or any other tool? The prisoners had not even a knife.

"The rest will not be difficult," said Sandorf, "but that may prove impossible! To work!"

And he climbed up to the window, seized the crossbar vigorously with his hand, and felt that it would not require such a very great effort to pull it down.

The iron bars which formed it were loose in their sockets. The stone, split away at the edges, did not offer very much resistence. Probably the lightning conductor, before it was repaired, had been in inferior condition for its purpose, and electric sparks had been attracted by the iron of the crossbar, and had acted on the wall, and how powerful such influence would be we are well aware. This may have been the cause of the breakages round the sockets into which the ends of the bars were thrust, and of the decomposition of the stone, which was reduced to a sort of spongy state, as if it had been pierced by millions of electric points.

This explanation was given by Stephen Bathory as soon as he noticed the phenomenon.

But it was not explanation, but work that was wanted, and that without losing a moment. If they could manage to clear the extremity of the bars, after forcing them backwards and forwards in their sockets, so as to knock off the angles of the stone, it might be easy to push the iron work out of the embrasure, which widened as it went outwards. The noise of the fall was not likely to be heard amid the long rollings of the thunder which were going on almost continuously in the lower strata of the clouds.

"But we shall never get that iron work out with our hands," said Zathmar.

"No!" answered Sandorf. "We ought to have a piece of iron, a blade—"

Something of the sort was necessary, there could be no doubt. Friable as the wall might be round the sockets, the nails would be broken, and the fingers worn till they bled in trying to reduce it to powder. It could never be done without some hard point or other.

Sandorf looked around the cell, which was feebly lighted from the corridor by the small fanlight over the door. Then he felt the walls on the chance of a nail having been left in them. He found nothing. Then it occurred to him that it would not be impossible to take off one of the legs of the iron bedsteads, which were fixed to the wall. The three set to work, and soon Bathory called to his companions in a whisper.

The rivet of one of the metal laths forming the lattice-work of the bed had given way. All that was necessary was to seize hold of this by the free end and twist it backwards and forewards until it broke off.

This was soon done. Sandorf thus obtained a thin piece of iron, about an inch wide and five inches long, which he wrapped around the end with his silk cravat, and with it he began to clear away the four sockets.

This could not be done without some noise. Fortunately the rumbling of the thunder prevented the noise from being heard. During the intervals of silence Sandorf stopped, to resume his task as soon as the storm began again. The work advanced rapidly.

Bathory and Zathmar took up their positions near the door and listened, so as to stop him when the sentry went by.

Suddenly a "Sh—sh—sh—" escaped from Zathmar's lips.

The work instantly stopped.

"What's the matter?" asked Bathory.

"Listen," answered Zathmar.

His ear was again at the focus of the ellipsoidal curve, and again there was evident the acoustical phenomenon which had told the prisoners the secret of the treachery.

These are the fragments of speech which were caught at short intervals:

* * * * * * *

"To-morrow * * * set * * * liberty—"

* * * * * * *

"Yes * * * books closed * * * and—"

* * * * * * *

"After the execution * * * I shall join my comrade, Zirone, who is waiting for men in Sicily."

* * * * * * *

"Yours has been a short visit to the donjon of—

* * * * * * *

Evidently Sarcany and a warder were engaged in conversation. Further Sarcany had pronounced the name of a certain Zirone, who was mixed up in the whole affair. Sandorf made a careful note of the new name.

Unfortunately the last word, which would have been so useful for the prisoners to know, did not reach them.

At the end of the last sentence a violent clap of thunder took place, and while the electricity followed the lightning conductor a shower of sparks escaped from the strip of metal that Count Sandorf held in his hand. Had it not been for the silk with which he held it he would probably have been affected by the discharge.

And so the last word, the name of the donjon, was lost in a loud peal of thunder. The prisoners could not hear it. Had they known in what fortress they were confined and through what district they had to make their way, how much greater would have been the chances of escape attempted under such difficult circumstances.

### CHAPTER X.

DOWN THE BRICO.

Count Sandorf resumed his task at the window. Three out of the four sockets were already scraped away sufficiently to allow the ends of the crossbar to be moved out of them. The fourth was then attacked by the light of the dazzling flashes which constantly illumined the sky.

At half-past ten o'clock the work was done. The crossbar was clear of the walls, and could be slipped out of the embrasure. It only had to be pushed forward and dropped on the outside of the wall. And this was done as soon as Zathmar heard that the sentry had reached the far end of the corridor.

The crossbar was moved along the embrasure. It fell over and vanished.

At the moment there was a lull in the storm. Sandorf listened to hear when the heavy frame struck the ground. He heard not a sound!

"The donjon is built on a high rock which rises from the valley," remarked Bathory.

"The height does not matter!" answered Sandorf. "There can be no doubt that the lightning conductor reaches the ground, because that is necessary for it to be of any use. And so we shall reach the ground without the risk of a fall."

The reasoning was right, as a rule, but it was wrong in this instance, for the end of the conductor was plunged in the waters of the Foiba.

The window being clear, the moment for escape had come.

"My friends," said Sandorf, "this is what we had better do, I am the youngest, and, I think, the strongest. It is my place, therefore, to be the first to go down this iron rope. In case of some obstacle, which is impossible for us to foresee, preventing my reaching the ground, I may have strength enough to climb back to the window. Two minutes after I have gone, Stephen, you get out of the window and follow me. Two minutes after him, Ladislas, you come the same way. When we three have reached the foot of the donjon we will act according to circumstances."

"We will obey you, Mathias," answered Bathory. "We will do what you tell us to do; we will go where you tell us to go. But we do not like your taking the greatest share of the danger on yourself—"

"Our lives are not worth as much as yours," added Zathmar.

"They are worth quite as much in the face of an act of justice which has to be done," answered Count Sandorf. "And if one of us alone survives he will be the one to perform that act. Shake hands my friends."

And then while Zathmar went to watch at the door of the cell, Sandorf climbed into the embrasure. A moment afterwards he was hanging in the air. Then while his knees gripped the iron rope, he slid down, hand under hand, feeling with his feet for the staples on which to rest.

The storm burst forth again with extraordinary violence. It did not rain, but the wind was terrific. Flash overlapped flash. The zigzags crossed and crossed above the donjon, attracted by its isolated position and its towering height. The point of the lightning rod gleamed with pallid brilliancy as the electricity streamed off in a long spear point of flame, and the cable shook and swung with the furious lashing of the storm.

The risk that was run in hanging on to this conductor, through which the electricity was traveling, to lose itself in the waters of the Brico, was terrible. Had the apparatus been in perfect condition there would have been no danger of a stroke, for the extreme conductibility of the metal compared to that of the human body, which is very much less, would have preserved the daring man who was suspended from it. But if the point of the conductor was blunted or there were any solution of continuity in the cable or a rupture occurred at any spot below a stroke was quite possible due to the meeting of the positive and the negative; and this without a lightning flash, owing to the tension of the accumulation in the defective apparatus.

Count Sandorf was fully aware of the danger to which he was exposed. A sentiment more powerful than that of the instinct of preservation made him brave it. He slipped down slowly, cautiously through the electric emanations which enveloped him as in a mist. His foot caught each staple down the wall, and for an instant he paused, and as a blinding flash illumined the abyss beneath him he tried, but in vain, to discover its depth.

When Mathias had descended about sixty feet from the window he found a firm resting place. It was a sort of ledge a few inches wide which marked the beginning of the base of the wall. The lightning conductor did not end here; it went down lower, and—unknown to the fugitive—from this point downward it was unfastened and floated free, sometimes skirting the rocky wall, sometimes swinging in mid-air, sometimes scraping against the rocks that overhung the abyss.

Count Sandorf stopped to recover his breath. His feet rested on the ledge, his hands grasped the iron cable. He saw that he had reached the first course of the masonry of the donjon. But how far he was above the valley he could not estimate.

"That must be very deep," he thought.

In fact a few large birds, dazed with the blinding brilliancy of the lightning, were flying round him with heavily flapping wings, and instead of rising sank out of sight beneath his feet. Hence he must be on the brink of a precipice which fell away, deep down below him.

As the birds disappeared he heard a noise above and by the light of a vivid flash he saw a confused mass detach itself from the wall.

It was Stephen Bathory escaping from the window. He had grasped the conductor and was slowly slipping down to join Count Sandorf. Mathias waited for him, his feet firmly planted on the narrow ledge. There Stephen could wait while he continued to descend.

In a few minutes both were standing on the narrow stone work.

As soon as the thunder ceased for an instant they could speak and hear each other.

"An Ladislas?" asked Sandorf.

"He will be here in a minute."

"Nothing wrong aloft?"

"Nothing."

"Good! I will make room for Ladislas, and you, Stephen, wait till he reaches you."

"Agreed."

A tremendinous flash seemed to envelope them in flame. It seemed as though the electricity coursing the cable had penetrated their nerves. They thought they had been struck.

"Mathias! Mathias!" exclaimed Bathory, under an impression of terror that he could not master.

"Be cool! I am going down! You will follow!" was Sandorf's reply.

And already he had seized the cable with the intention of slipping to the first staple below, where he intended to wait for his companions.

Suddenly there were shouts from above. They seemed to come from the window of the cell. Then these words rang out:

"Save yourselves!"

It was Zathmar's voice.

Immediately a bright light shot from the wall, followed by a sharp report. This time it was not the cable broken by a lightning flash which lit up the donjon; it was not the roar of the thunder which resounded in the air. A gun had been fired; a chance shot probably from one of the embrasures of the donjon. It was just as much a signal to the guard as if a bullet had been aimed at the fugitives. The escape had been discovered.

The sentry had heard some noise. He had called five or six of the warders and entered the cell. The absence of two of the prisoners had been immediately discovered, the state of the window showed how they had escaped. And Zathmar rushing to the window had given the alarm.

"Poor fellow!" exclaimed Bathory. "To desert him! Mathias! To desert him!"

A second time there came the discharge of a gun. The report mingled with the roll of thunder.

"Heaven have pity on him!" said Sandorf. "But we must escape—we must avenge him! Come Stephen, come!"

It was time. Other windows in the lower story of the donjon were being opened. New discharges lighted them up. Shouts were heard. Perhaps the warders could run round the base of the wall and cut off the retreat of the fugitives! Perhaps they might be shot!

"Come!" exclaimed Sandorf for the last time.

And he slid down the iron cable, which Bathory grasped immediately after him.

Then they saw that the rope hung loosely over the abyss. Resting places, staples, there were none. They were swinging wildly at the end of the rope, which cut their hands as it slipped through them. Down they went with their knees chafing and bleeding, without the power to stop themselves as the bullets whistled past.

For a minute, for eighty feet and more, they glided down—down—asking themselves if the abyss in which they were engulfed were really bottomless. Already the roar of the raging waters below them could be heard. Then they understood that the lightning conductor led down into the torrent. What was to be done? To climb back to the base of the donjon they could not; their strength was unequal to the task. And death, for death was better to chance that which waited for them in the depths below.

Suddenly there came an fearful clap of thunder and an intense electric glare. Although the conductor was not struck, yet the tension of the electricity was such that the iron rope grew white as a platinum thread beneath the discharge of a battery or a pile.

Bathory uttered a cry of despair—and let go.

Sandorf saw him pass him, almost touching him with his arms wide open.

And then he let go the iron rope which glowed in his hands; and he fell more than forty feet into the torrent of Foiba which foamed along at the foot of the unknown Brico.

### CHAPTER XI.

ALONG THE FOIBA.

It was about eleven o'clock. The clouds had begun to d

# The Columbian.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1886.


### CONCERNING REFORMS.

And especially concerning Reforms in some matters of legal practice. In your last issue "J. G. F." discussed the great difficulty, impossibility indeed of each single lawyer keeping up his library to the latest date, in the continuous issue of new books, new law magazines and reports, &c., which are flooding the profession. It was a timely suggestion and ought to come to some practical result without delay. If we had in money what our books have cost us, we could procure a combined library, and a house to put it in, and have a balance at the banker's.

Permit me however to call your attention to a smaller matter than the above, but one of considerable importance, and of continuous expense and annoyance to every lawyer at the bar. And it is a nuisance which I believe can be abated, under the law, and ought to be abated.

As I read the Act of Assembly of 16 June 1836 Section 63, P. L. 772,—"The sheriff shall give notice of every sale of real estate by advertisement, describing the same, and the time and place of sale, as aforesaid, in at least two newspapers printed in the county where such real estate may be"—*The Sheriff* shall do so. Does not that act put the matter in his hands, and certainly in the absence of a Rule of Court, leave it there; and not subject to the whim, or caprice or choice if you will of the client or counsel? The doctrine that the counsel controls his writ is sound as to whether he will sell on it or stay it or any such matter, but the advertisement is the business of the sheriff, and he is responible for the faithful performance of that duty and for its proper performance.

And now for the application of what I have been saying to the case in hand.

There are five newspapers published in Columbia county. But two of them can get the sheriff's advertising, no matter who controls it; and I am willing to grant to the attorney in the writ, the courtesy of a suggestion as to one of them; but what about the other four? My own opinion is, and such I think to be a proper construction of the law, that the sheriff should select some one newspaper into which all his official advertising should go—and in cases of sales of real estate the other paper to be selected by the counsel in the writ, not as a matter of right, but as a matter of courtesy.

As the matter is now, in order to be sure that we have seen all the sheriff's sales we must subscribe for five newspapers, where with proper legal and courteous adjustment, one would suffice. Reform is the order of the day, and in this matter, compliance with the law and economical management go hand in hand. In some counties there is a Rule of Court on the subject. I doubt the propriety, if not the legality of a Rule of Court, and am convinced that this suggestion is both courteous and legal and proper. Yours &c

LEX.

[We are pleased to be able to announce to the members of the bar that all the sheriff's advertising will appear in the COLUMBIAN. EDS.]

### Death Calls Again.

SECRETARY BAYARD'S WIFE CROSSES THE DARK RIVER.

Mrs. Bayard, wife of the Secretary of State, died at her residence, in Washington, at 8.30 o'clock Sunday morning. The immediate cause of Mrs. Bayard's death was congestion of the brain, brought on by the shock of her daughter's sudden death three weeks ago. For the first week following that event she stood the strain and excitement quite well, but a week ago last Friday she was compelled to take to her bed, and gradully grew worse from day to day. On Thursday congestion of the brain made its appearance. She was unconscious for twenty-four hours before her death. Although for years Mrs. Bayard had been a confirmed invalid, she had for the last six months been in better health than for many years. Last summer she was very ill at her home in Wilmington, Del., with a complication of di-eases of the liver and stomach and her recovery at that time was considered doubtful. At the solicitation of her daughter, Miss Kate, she put herself under the care of Dr. Gardner, of Washington and under his treatment she had improved so much as to be able to go into society this winter, and although still an invalid, she was in comparatively good health when her daughter died. She was about 51 years of age With the exception of her daughter, Mrs. Warren, of Boston, and her son who is in Arizona, the family were present when she died. The body was taken to Wilmington for burial on Monday, and the funeral was held there on Tuesday. The death of Mrs. Bayard will have a marked effect on social festivities at the capital."

The President was immediately notified of Mrs. Bayard's death and he at once sent Colonel Lamont with a note of condolence to the Secretary, and later in the day Miss Cleveland called at the house. Mr. Bayard asked that no official demonstration be made, and the President did not go to Wilmington. Several members of the Cabinet, however, attended the funeral. Cabinet officers, Senators, Representatives, diplomats and public men generally called at the Bayard mansion to express their sympathy with the Secretary in his affliction.

### Commonwealth against Holland.

Charles R. Holland was indicted at September Sessions for the theft of some shoulders, hams, side meat, sausages, &c. from John A. Shuman, of Main township, on the 18th day of last May. The case was continued at that term, and December, and was called up on Tuesday last, and is still on trial. District Attorney Billmeyer, E. H. Little, Ikeler & Herring represent the prosecution, and Messrs. Freeze, Barkley and Jackson defend the prisoner.

The first witness was John A. Shuman, who proved the theft of his meat. Alice Kelly testified that she went with Abe Whipple and Cuarles Holland in the night with Dan Seybert's horse and wagon, and drove down the river about half a mile below "Yankee Shanty," where they stopped, left her in the wagon, and went up the hill and were gone about ten minutes, when they returned with two bags full of meat. They returned to Seybert's and the next day Whipple and his wife took the meat to Wilkes-Barre and sold it to William Bowers, a groceryman: Mrs. Whipple and Mrs. Card, a sister of Abe Whipple, corroborated this story, and William Bowers testified as to the meat bought, as to an interview with Holland, and as to a great many other matters that were relevant and irrelevant. He was very talkative and many of his answers, or more especially his manner of answering, amused the large audience that constantly filled the court room. He admitted that he had been drunk on Tuesday, and it was quite apparent that he was not in much better condition while on the stand. When dismissed he made for the most convenient bar, and in the afternoon, when recalled to the witness stand he was so drunk that the court sent him to jail to sober up.

The defense was opened on Wednesday afternoon by Mr. Jackson and is as follows: That Charles Holland is a detective, that the smoke houses and cellars of many farmers all through the county were being robbed, and Holland was employed by a number of people to detect and break up the Seybert-Whipple gang; and that he kept his employers informed of all his doings, and that he is therefore not guilty of any criminal intent, but was working for the benefit of the community, endeavoring to detect and convict a gang of thieves. The trial may occupy most of the week.

### The Public School System.

That a system of public education, is a fundemental bulwark for the perpetuity and safety of our institutions was apparent to the fathers of our commonwealth at an early day. The masses hailed with joy the glorious advent of a system that was about to de hrone the power of ignorance from the legiti mate domain of reason over which it swayed the scepter with tyrannical sullenness, in submission to which there was no alternative but acquiessence with slavish indifference. No sooner was the long felt want supplied with all its inperfections, than a new era dawned upon the future greatness of our grand old state.

The system, in its discretionary powers is gradually growing from a serviceable, public machinery, beneficiary in all its effects, to an oligarchy of speculative monopoly, mandatory and compulsory in all its operations. That the people have suffered frequent abuses from intriguening agents and self interested officials, which they bore with patriotic patience, is an undeniable fact. But they however had a remedy in the law. Now the mandate steps into our public schools and like a tyrant demands "bring those books, study those branches, whether you know your alphabet or not, or there is the door which I will bar against you, notwithstanding I will collect your taxes, and if the board of directors will not enforce my will to the letter I will withhold from you all state aid." Is it any wonder that a sentiment is rapidly growing in aversion to such a transformation from a hitherto glorious and free system of public education?

Z.

### Vast Frauds in Utah.

THE ASTOUNDING STORY TOLD BY SURVEYOR-GENERAL DEMENT.

W. E. Curtis, a well known Washington correspondent, in a special from Washington says:

Richard S. Dement, of Illinois, who was appointed surveyor general of Utah last Fall, arrived here Thursday afternoon and was up all night and most of yesterday with Commissioner Sparks at the Land Office, and has had a long interview with Secretary Lamar. Mr. Dement brings with him a trunk full of documents and a most extraordinary story.

It appears that when he went to Utah he was instructed by the Secretary of the Interior to make a through examination of the land offices of Utah, and was authorized to employ whatever assistance was necessary. Mr. Dement says that before he went to his post he secured the services of four skillful detectives, who were set at work at once. They had not gone far in their investigations of the land offices when they discovered clues which led to an inquiry into the official conduct of the other branches of the Government there, and Mr. Dement claims to have secured evidence which will fill all the jails of Utah with officials and ex-officials.

He says that within the last ten years there have been committed in Utah the most astounding frauds that were ever perpetrated on the American continent, and his discoveries not only cover the officials in the territory, but involve senators, members of Congress and former officials of the Interior Department. He claims to have secured, through his detectives, documentary evidence to substantiate these remarkable assertions, and that Secretary Lamar and Commissioner Sparks have already been convinced by them. These mysterious documents are said to disclose the transactions of the Mormon agents in Washington, and the means they have used to prevent legislation and secure favorable decisions by the Supreme Court of the United States. According to Mr. Dement's story he has covered all the Mormon iniquities in two months' work by himself and four detectives.

Referring first to the discoveries in the Land Office, Mr. Dement says he has proofs to show that nearly all of the public lands in Utah have been stolen either by the railroad companies or the settlers; that about 50 per cent of the entries by Mormons have been fraudulent, and about 25 per cent of those that have been made by Gentiles are of the same character. Mineral lands have been entered as homesteads and rich farming country as desert lands. These frauds, Mr. Dement claims, have been not only winked at, but participated in by the Federal officials in and outside the Land Office, and there is a ring in which have joined all the Federal officials, from the Governor down, for the plunder of the Government.

Mr. Dement says that the Mormons have spent an enormous amount of money in Washington during the last four or five years in attempting to defeat legislation and prevent adverse decisions by the courts, and he has secured documents to show to whom the funds have been paid.

When asked what congressmen are involved, Mr. Dement said that most of them were Democrats, but there are several Republicans on the list, one of whom, a Western Republican senator, received $25,000 for opposing the Edmunds bill. Other senators have received smaller sums from time to time, the payments having covered several years, and the money being disbursed by a well known lobbyist here, who has rendered an account quarterly. Several Democratic members of the House have received sums of $1000 at a time for several years for looking after the minor interests in Congress, and have also been rewarded by financial assistance in the payment of their campaign expense.

Mr. Dement has shown his documents and told his story to one Republican Senator, and that is Genaral Logan, who he says, expressed the greatest amazement at the disclosures. He will have an interview with the President, to whom he will submit a brief of his discoveries. Several people who have Mr. Dement's statements regard them as somewhat wild, but he claims to be able to prove all he says.

LATER.

The official head of Richard S. Dement, of Illinois, recently appointed to be United States surveyor general for Utah, is in serious danger. He was appointed about two months ago, but, unless a transformation should occur in the minds of Senators Teller, Maxey and Coke, he will never be confirmed. He made sensational statements about land frauds in Utah, and accused senators and members of Congress of having been bribed by the railroad corporations and monopolists of the West at prices ranging from $15,000 to $25,000. He indicated the geographical location of certain of the persons said to have been bribed with such minuteness that their names might just as well have been published. Mr. Dement apparently did not realize the broad character of his charges until he saw them in print, and now he denies that he ever said anything attributed to him save one paragraph of his interview that plasters Commissioner Sparks with taffy.

The Commissioner, in an interview repudiates Dement, says he never made any such statements as were reported by his interviewer and denies that land frauds of any magnitude, so far as he knows, have ever been committed in Utah.

### WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 1, 1886.

The proceedings of the week in Congress have been partly overshadowed in interest by the fight which the Republicans of the Senate have forced with the Administration. Our lawmakers have not been idle, however, although there has been but little legislation to speak of for their industry. Both ends of the Capitol gave one day to obituary eloquence. It was given by the Senate in memory of Vice President Hendricks, by the House, in memory of the late Representative Ellwood of Illinois.

Then Dakota has consumed a large share of the Senate's time, and debate on this question promises to be long. Interest in Dakota's affairs and demands has been enchanced during the discussion by the presence on the floor of the Senate of her two aspirants for Senatorial honors, Messrs Moody and Edgerton. They are similar in appearance, both being large, portly men with short grey beards. They listen to every word that is said about their territory, and occasionally furnish a speaker with some data or some explanation that is needed.

The Republicans of the Senate do not rest easy with a majority of eight. They are trying to get additional strength in Dakota, and are planning to capture Washington and Montana Territories in the near future with Idaho in the distance. They have not forgotten that but for Colorado coming in 1876, the Hayes fraud would never have been consummated.

During the week the House of Representatives has talked a great deal on unimportant subjects, has quarreled a good deal to no purpose, and has passed fifty little pension bills. I have alluded before to the many new pension schemes that have been introduced into the present Congress, besides all of the old ones of the last Congress that have come up fresh again. Congressmen seem to vie with each other in proposing absurd plans for increasing pensions. If they were all carried into effect they would bankrupt the Treasury of the United States. And the worst feature of every new pension proposal is the demagogic spirit it inevitably awakens in both parties in Congress. Many of them are not even seriously intended, their real object being to ensnare and capture what is known as the soldier vote.

The President's refusal of the Senate's latest demand for papers has been the topic of discussion here for the past three days. The papers called for were those bearing upon the official character of a District Attorney of Southern Alabama. They were in the custody of the Law department, and referred exclusively to the suspension of the late incumbent. The Senate, in secret session, was notified by Attorney-General Garland that it was not considered promotive of public interests to comply with its request for the transmission of the documents mentioned.

Some of the Republican Senators who do not believe in trying to extort reasons from the President, and who have been forced into this attitude by the caucus, are disposed to be recalcitrant. Rumor has it that there are three who are so much opposed to the stand taken by their brethren that the majority are extremely anxious about them. Mr. Edmunds has been accused by these disaffected Senators of waging hostilities against the Administration in the hope of improving his chance for re-election to the Senate. If the President had been beaten he would have obtained the credit of having made a good party fight.

The Democratic Senators caucused again and were all in favor of supporting the President, believing him to be right in maintaining his constitutional prerogative. Senators of both parties seem to think the issue is pretty well made up now, and that for some time, at least, there will be no action upon the nomination of persons to succeed suspended or removed Republicans. The fact that the President has not hitherto been called upon for any exposure of his reasons for making official changes is evidence that the Republican Senators were only seeking partisan advantage.

Reversing the usual order, the President made the people his guests of honor at the first of his evening receptions. The levee to the Diplomats, Congressmen and the Army and Navy will come later. Quite as elaborate preparations were made at the White House for receiving the people as have been made in times past for the entertainment of officials. The parlors were banked with palm trees and flowers, the conservatory was open and lighted, and the Marine band played throughout the evening. The reception was a crush as usual, but the President was cordial and smiling, and the crowd was good natured and patient.

### The Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie.

The home will be formally opened February 22, 1886. Applicants for admission must be eligible under the terms of "An Act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of a Home for Disabled and Indigent Soldiers and Sailors of Pennsylvania," approved June 3d, 1885, as follows:

*Section 6.* "That the soldiers, sailors, or marines, who shall be entitled to admission in the Home, shall be those only who at the time of their enlistment in the Army or Navy were citizens of Pennsylvania, or served in some Pennsylvania organization and were honorably discharged from the service of the United States, who are in indigent circumstances and from any disabilities (not received in any illegal act) are unable to support themselves by manual labor, and who cannot gain admission in the Homes for Soldiers and Sailors provided by the Government of the United States."

The accommodations are limited to about two hundred; and as this number agrees with the number of members in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania (201), it has been decided, as the most equitable plan of distribution, that each Representative District shall be entitled to admissions equal to the number of its members in the House.

Where vacancies remain in the allotment to Districts, for a period of sixty days, the Trustees reserve the right to fill such vacancies, by selecting from applications on file from other Districts, such as seem most needy and meritorious. Blank applications will be furnished by the Secretary, and no person will be admitted to the Home until such application, duly executed as therein prescribed has been filed with the Secretary and favorably acted upon by the Trustees.

This application must show—

1st. That the applicant was in the service of the United States during the Rebellion, as a citizen of Pennsylvania or, being a citizen of another State, served in a Pennsylvania organization, and was honorably discharged therefrom.

2d. That he is in indigent circumstances and cannot support himself. That he is free from any disease (the result of his own misconduct), or that would imperil the health and comfort of the inmates.

3d. That he has no relatives able to maintain him, legally liable for his support.

The applicant must make oath to the truth of his statement, and forward it with his discharge, to the Secretary, giving—

1st. His name, age, occupation, place of birth, residence now and at the time of enlistment, and all the facts required for a full personal or military history.

2d. He must agree to conduct himself properly, and submit to the rules, regulations and discipline of the Home; and so far as his physical condition will permit, perform the necessary detail work required for the care, cleanliness and comfort of the inmates.

The person so admitted will be entitled to all the benefits of the Home, and be furnished with clothing, subsistence, medical and surgical attendance, and with whatever may be suitable and necessary to promote his health and contribute to his comfort, in accordance with the Rules and Regulations. But he will be subject to be dismissed by the Trustees for the following causes, viz.:

1st. On being restored to the ability to procure his own support.

2d. For neglect to comply with the terms of this agreement.

3d. For gross immorality or insubordination.

It is strongly enjoined upon all interested in the admission of any one, or in the filling out and execution of the application, that they thoroughly acquaint themselves with the condition of the applicant, and be fully satisfied that he is entitled to admission to this Home. As above stated, our accommodations are limited, and no enlargement can be made until the Legislature makes additional appropriations.

This Home being intended to provide for ex-soldiers, sailors and marines who have become disabled since the war, no one eligible to the National Homes can be admitted to this Home, unless it be shown to the satisfaction of the Trustees that an applicant is in such condition as to require immediate care, and that he cannot be received in the National Homes by reason of their crowded condition.

No one now an inmate of a National Home will be received, nor will any one who has been an inmate of another Soldiers' and Sailors' Home be accepted, unless the reasons given for leaving such Home, be deemed sufficient by the Trustees.

The Commander of the Home cannot receive or act upon applications. Each applicant must forward his papers to the Secretary for the action of the Trustees, when upon approval, he will receive an order for admission and for transportation, which must be presented at the Home within one month after the date thereof.

For blank applications or further information, apply to

THOS. J. STEWART, *Secretary*,
1202 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.


## Three Peculiarities

Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier and regulating medicine, is characterized by three peculiarities, namely:

**1st:** The combination of the various remedial agents used.

**2d:** The proportion in which the roots, herbs, barks, etc., are mixed.

**3d:** The process by which the active medicinal properties are secured.

The result is a medicine of unusual strength and curative power, which effects cures heretofore unequalled. These peculiarities belong exclusively to Hood's Sarsaparilla, and are

## Unknown to Others

Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared with the greatest skill and care, by pharmacists of education and long experience. Hence it is a medicine worthy of entire confidence. If you suffer from scrofula, salt rheum, or any disease of the blood, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, or kidney and liver complaints, catarrh or rheumatism, do not fail to try

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

"I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all my friends as the best blood purifier on earth." WM. GAFF, druggist, Hamilton, O.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of scrofulous humor, and done me worlds of good otherwise." C. A. ARNOLD, Arnold, Me.

A book containing many additional statements of cures will be sent to all who desire.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.


ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

*In re-estate of Catharine Farver, late of Jackson township, Col. Co. deceased.*

Letters of administration in said estate having been granted to the undersigned administrator, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate present the same to

GEORGE W. FARVER,
Administrator,
P. O. Derr's.
Jan. 1, 6w*


ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St. N. Y. Oct 16-1y

CRYING FOR AID.

Loss of Appetite, Headache, Depression, Indigestion and Constipation, Biliousness, a Sallow Face, Dull Eyes, and a Blotched Skin, are among the symptoms which indicate that the Liver is crying for aid.

## Ayer's Pills

will stimulate the Liver to proper action, and correct all these troubles. One or more of these Pills should be taken daily, until health is fully established. Thousands testify to their great merit.

No family can afford to be without AYER'S PILLS.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

AGENTS WANTED!

WANTED.—A good man to introduce our celebrated, pure and fragrant

TEAS AND COFFEES

in Columbia county. To the right man liberal arrangements will be made. Send for our terms. Address, Jones Bro's T Co., Scranton, Pa. [2t.


## STATEMENT OF THE COUNTY FINANCES,

From January 5th, 1885, to January 1st, 1886.
STATEMENT SHOWING TAXES ASSESSED AND BALANCE STILL DUE.

| DISTRICTS. | TAXES ASSESSED. County. | Dog. | State. | STILL DUE. County. | Dog. | State. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Beaver | $621 25 | $80 50 | $12 00 | | | |
| Benton | 832 98 | 79 50 | 9 50 | 429 85 | 79 50 | |
| Berwick | 1904 59 | 61 00 | 70 90 | 565 95 | 61 00 | |
| Bloom | 4019 21 | 69 50 | 152 20 | 2037 98 | 69 50 | |
| Briarcreek | 1145 23 | 73 50 | 5 80 | 416 09 | 73 5 | |
| Catawissa | 1866 53 | 58 50 | 61 58 | 796 84 | 58 50 | |
| Centralia | 1029 47 | 4 50 | 4 80 | 337 43 | 4 50 | |
| Centre | 1623 61 | 85 50 | 29 35 | 1333 81 | 85 50 | |
| Conyng h'm | 2580 18 | 6 00 | 1 50 | 291 41 | 6 00 | |
| Fishingcr'k | 1118 | 80 00 | 26 70 | 515 88 | 83 00 | |
| Franklin | 543 85 | 40 50 | 9 05 | | | |
| Greenwood | 1246 74 | 100 00 | 29 15 | 661 19 | 103 60 | |
| Hemlock | 1455 | 57 50 | 9 35 | 430 67 | 57 50 | |
| Jackson | 579 42 | 48 00 | 4 25 | 79 00 | 48 00 | |
| Locust | 1297 13 | 118 50 | 26 20 | 532 22 | 118 50 | |
| Madison | 1005 25 | 82 50 | 16 65 | 210 52 | 82 50 | |
| Main | 605 70 | 46 00 | 27 80 | 160 04 | 46 00 | |
| Mifflin | 1064 56 | 76 50 | 37 10 | 398 81 | 76 50 | |
| Montour | 7816 54 | 145 | 19 35 | 105 50 | 145 50 | |
| Mt. Pleasn't | 666 89 | 60 00 | 19 70 | 372 00 | 60 00 | |
| Orange | 851 81 | 85 00 | 25 70 | 466 87 | 85 00 | |
| Pine | 415 99 | 61 50 | 8 20 | 224 64 | 61 50 | |
| Roaringcr'k | 401 63 | 40 50 | 5 50 | | | |
| Scott | 1394 65 | 94 50 | 84 50 | 639 27 | 74 50 | |
| Sugarloaf | 392 63 | 65 50 | | 121 13 | 65 50 | |
| | 2285 2 98 | 1576.00 | 701.98 | 10967.50 | 1411.50 | |

Amount due for years previous to 1885.

| Districts | Year. | Collectors | County | Dog |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bloom | 1884 | W B Allen | $ 841 55 | $ 79 50 |
| Centralia | 1884 | David Walsh | 748 85 | 500 |
| Bloom | 1880 | Reuben Harris | 494 50 | 83 00 |
| | | | $ 208490 | $ 163 00 |

PETER A. EVANS, Treasurer of Columbia Co., in account with said county on county funds. January 5th, 1885.

| CR. | |
|---|---|
| To amt uncollected prior to '85 | $ 12565 63 |
| " " on hand at last settlement | 5 21 |
| " county tax assessed in 1885 | 28512 73 |
| " tax on register of voters | 38 26 |
| " State tax refunded to A M Johnson on unpaid interest | 9 20 |
| " Jonas Kline, rent, old jail | 61 00 |
| " Daniel Laubach | 28 75 |
| " Abraham Strausser, surplus money on Elias Krum tract | 83 |
| " Z R Shultz, wash stand | 1 00 |
| " Wm Geiger, deed held by Commissioners redeemed | 12 60 |
| " Isaac Henry's Est., deed held by Commissioners redeemed | 7 24 |
| " John Kulins' deed, held by Commissioners redeemed | 19 02 |
| " Jacob Lyon, deed, held by Commissioners redeemed | 5 45 |
| " C B Brockway, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed | 13 92 |
| " Ira D Kline, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed | 7 59 |
| " Sarah Fisher, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed | 6 61 |
| " Jacob Yoke, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed | 3 17 |
| " C Schlaubach, deed held by Commissioner, redeemed | 6 27 |
| " B B Vannata, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed | 88 66 |
| " George Rice, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed | 7 21 |
| " Mary Kline, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed | 6 02 |
| " Daniel Stine, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed | 6 02 |
| " C B Brockway, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed | 6 84 |
| " Peter McManamum, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed | 3 95 |
| " amt received from sale of lands sold by Commissioners | 150 09 |
| " Richard Ivey, old spouting | 1 00 |
| " Wm Schuyler, jury fee | 4 00 |
| " John Breisch, old bridge plank, Catawissa | 3 00 |
| " C W Eves, old bridge | 15 00 |
| " Mathias Kline, old desk | 20 |
| " Thomas Gorre, old carpet | 1 50 |
| " Washington Parr, old screen | 1 40 |
| " James Laubach, old carpet | 60 |
| " George Beagle, jury fee | 4 00 |
| " G A Herring, old bridge plank | 80 |
| " W H Snyder, jury fees | 49 73 |
| " " " costs in case of Com vs McCormick | 15 85 |
| " W H Snyder, costs in case of Com vs Geo Snyder | 11 80 |
| " David Gilmo, old bridge plank, Catawissa | 10 00 |
| " D R Coffman, old scythe | 12 00 |
| " B Slusser, pencil and table | |
| " Washington Parr, old bridge plank, Catawissa | 6 00 |
| " Wm Bennlinger, old bridge plank, Catawissa | 6 00 |
| " Philip Miller, old bridge plank, Catawissa | 8 00 |
| " W H Snyder, nat rack and iron rod | 1 15 |
| " rebate from State for support of Lizzie Hawley, Warren hospital | 58 59 |
| " amt collected on unseated land | 60 09 |
| " " " seated land | 15 71 |
| " received from dog fund | 841 48 |
| | $ 42731 72 |

CR.

By commission, exonerations and returns allowed collectors for 1885 and previous years.

| Districts. | Com. | Ex. | Districts. | Com. | Ex. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Beaver | $30 25 | $ 18 29 | Hemlock | $48 14 | $ 15 97 |
| Franklin | 27 18 | | Locust | 59 76 | 14 75 |
| Roaringc'k | 20 62 | 1 20 | Madison | 49 91 | 18 67 |
| | 1884. | | Main | 30 53 | 4 75 |
| Beaver | 29 67 | 41 78 | Mifflin | 53 33 | 4 80 |
| Benton | 41 43 | 4 80 | Montour | 40 73 | 1 60 |
| Berwick | 94 22 | 32 55 | Mt Pleasant | 29 15 | 22 50 |
| Briarcreek | 56 87 | 3 08 | Orange | 44 62 | 4 60 |
| Catawissa | 92 67 | 24 70 | Pine | 20 60 | 15 50 |
| Center | 81 24 | 16 25 | Scott | 69 00 | 25 91 |
| Conyngham | 57 20 | 105 12 | Sugarloaf | 2 18 | 2 95 |
| Fishingcr'k | 55 76 | 5 80 | | 1885. | |
| Greenwood | 64 32 | 16 37 | Centralia | 8 63 | 64 37 |
| | | | Center | 81 68 | 12 95 |
| | | | | $1274 99 | $304 11 |

| | |
|---|---|
| By total commission | $ 1274 99 |
| " " exonerations and returns | 504 11 |
| " county orders redeemed 1885 | 24499 50 |
| " " " No 739 (84) | 250 00 |
| " amt due from collectors | 12 92 46 |
| " commission to Treasurer | 1029 98 |
| " amt to meet State quota | 47 71 |
| " bal in hands of Treasurer | 72 94 |
| | $ 42731 72 |

PETER A EVANS in account with dog fund, January 5, '85.

| | |
|---|---|
| To amt due at last settlement | $ 1525 76 |
| " " assessed in '85 | 1576 0 |
| | $ 3151 76 |

| CR. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Districts. | Com. | Ex. | |
| | 1885. | | |
| Beaver | $ 3 70 | $ 9 50 | |
| Frank in | 2 02 | | |
| Roaringcreek | 00 | 50 | |
| | 1884. | | |
| Beaver | 4 47 | 4 50 | |
| Benton | 3 62 | 1 50 | |
| Berwick | 2 25 | 5 50 | |
| Briarcreek | 1 62 | 4 00 | |
| Catawissa | 2 92 | 4 00 | |
| Centre | 3 61 | 6 00 | |
| Conyngham | 01 | | |
| Fishingcreek | 4 07 | 1 50 | |
| Greenwood | 4 95 | 5 00 | |
| Hemlock | 1 95 | 1 50 | |

| Districts. | Com. | Ex. |
|---|---|---|
| Locust | $ 5 62 | $ 10 01 |
| Madison | 3 45 | 4 50 |
| Main | 2 24 | 1 50 |
| Mifflin | 3 82 | 1 00 |
| Montour | 1 95 | 2 50 |
| Mt Pleasant | 2 67 | 5 00 |
| Orange | 2 62 | 50 |
| Pine | 2 72 | 2 00 |
| Scott | 3 45 | 4 50 |
| Sugarloaf | 1 20 | 1 00 |
| | 1882 and 1883. | |
| Benton, '82 | 3 15 | 1 50 |
| Centralia, '83 | 03 | |
| Centre | 3 57 | 5 50 |
| | $ 77 17 | $ 81 03 |

| | |
|---|---|
| By commission to collectors | $ 77 17 |
| " exonerations allowed collectors | 81 00 |
| " orders paid for '85 | 547 73 |
| " amt paid to county | 841 48 |
| " due from collectors | 1574 50 |
| " commission to Treasurer | 37 38 |
| | $ 3151 76 |

P A EVANS, Treas., in account with State fund. Jan 5, '85. DR.

| | |
|---|---|
| To State tax assessed in '85 | $ 701 98 |
| " amt paid to meet State quota from Co funds | 47 71 |
| | $ 749 69 |

CR.

By commission on duplicates settled for '85.

| Districts. | Com. | Districts. | Com. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Beaver | $ 63 | Hemlock | $ 47 |
| Benton | 48 | Jackson | 92 |
| Berwick | 3 54 | Locust | 1 31 |
| Bloom | 7 61 | Madison | 60 |
| Briarcreek | 29 | Main | 1 34 |
| Catawissa | 3 07 | Mifflin | 1 85 |
| Centralia | 94 | Montour | 90 |
| Centre | 1 46 | Mt Pleasant | 99 |
| Conyngham | 08 | Orange | 1 28 |
| Fishingcreek | 1 35 | Pine | 16 |
| Franklin | 45 | Roaringcreek | 27 |
| Greenwood | 1 95 | Scott | 4 22 |
| | | | $ 35 05 |

| | |
|---|---|
| By commission to collectors | $ 31 05 |
| " amt paid State quota for '85 | 707 49 |
| " commission to Treasurer | 7 15 |
| | $ 749 69 |

COMMISSIONERS' EXPENSES,

For which orders were issued on the Treasurer.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

| | |
|---|---|
| G W Sterner recording Treas. and Com's bonds | $ 20 80 |
| George W Sterner, expressage | 35 |
| Guy Jacoby auditing public accounts | 50 00 |
| Moyer Bros expressage | 2 35 |
| A M Johnson State tax over paid on bonds | 9 20 |
| W C McKinney expressage | 3 30 |
| J S Grimes bill for teachers institute | 197 50 |
| W H Snyder recording names of twp offi. | 36 00 |
| Freas Brown insurance on old jail | 25 50 |
| Thomas Gorrey repairing old jail | 14 00 |
| F W Redeker autopsy on H Handsworth | 5 00 |
| John Mourey taking H Albertson to asylum | 6 00 |
| R R Little Costs in equity case | 19 60 |
| Jonas Kline repairs at old jail | 1 00 |
| Guy Jacoby, costs etc, in case Mourey vs county | 24 61 |
| Creasy & Wells, lumber, old jail | 7 35 |
| John Mourey, taking A Peterman to Phila | 50 00 |
| Guy Jacoby, acknowledging Commissioners' deeds | 18 75 |
| Wm H Snyder, Prothonotary bill | 95 62 |
| John M Clark, costs in case of Seward vs county | 1 40 |
| D R Coffman, repairs old jail | 2 00 |
| W H Hess, burial expenses, samuel Spohenberger | 35 00 |
| A K Smith, room rent for assessors | 3 00 |
| Daniel Laubach, repairs, old jail | 13 75 |
| Daniel P. Curry, burial expenses, Ralph Kirby | 35 00 |
| J P Tustin, incre it on Co. order No 739 | 82 62 |
| | $ 761 49 |

COURTS, JURORS' PAY AND CONSTABLE'S RETURNS.

| | |
|---|---|
| John Mourey, serving jury notices | $ 123 00 |
| Constables' returns during year | 266 97 |
| Grand jurors during year | 883 80 |
| Traverse jurors " | 2465 80 |
| Court crier " | 200 00 |
| Tipstaves " | 204 00 |
| S S Walker, Stenographer, $10 per day | 520 00 |
| " Murphy vs Hernon et al | 5 40 |
| " Lewis vs Weaver | 9 85 |
| " Wolf vs Miller | 17 42 |
| " Burrell vs Reading R R Co | 55 83 |
| " Weir vs Angell | 23 13 |
| " Lyons vs Agey | 12 00 |
| " Moyer vs Lewers | 6 80 |
| A D Scely const | 45 00 |
| Geo W Derr, jury commissioner | 42 85 |
| Abraham Rice jury " | 42 00 |
| John B Ca ey, clerk, to same | 20 00 |
| | $ 4953 59 |

COSTS IN COMMONWEALTH CASES WHERE THE COUNTY BECAME LIABLE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Justices, constables and witnesses | $ 591 77 |
| R Buckingham, late District Att'y | 50 00 |
| F P Billmeyer, District Attorney | 38 00 |
| Wm H Snyder, clerk of court | 53 00 |
| | $ 739 07 |

ROAD & BRIDGE VIEWERS & ROAD DAMAGES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sundry persons as viewers | $ 332 05 |
| John Megargel, damage, Orange | 275 00 |
| Wm Yoder, " | 25 00 |
| John V Wellfver " Pine | 10 00 |
| Daniel Whitmire " Centre | 15 00 |
| Geo Rinkle " Centre | 80 00 |
| J L Dohan " Greenwood | 8 00 |
| A E Girton " Pine | 5 00 |
| George W Derr " Greenwood | 45 00 |
| Alen W Hampshire " Centre | 10 00 |
| Samuel Whitmire " Centre | 5 00 |
| J F Pfahler " Catawissa | 275 00 |
| Charlotte Long " " | 375 00 |
| J C Sharman " " | 175 00 |
| Wm Lyons " Pine | 25 00 |
| Lewis Chamberlain " Jackson | 10 00 |
| E J Sones " " | 25 00 |
| Samuel Gable jr " Locust | 10 00 |
| Daniel Fry, " Montour | 15 00 |
| John Kramer " Fishingcreek | 13 00 |
| Henry Keller " " | 15 00 |
| W J Kramer " " | 9 00 |
| Isaac Mourey " " | 32 00 |
| Simon Raup " Catawissa | 140 00 |
| Wm Bennlinger, attending road views | 42 10 |
| Wash. Farr, Com, " " | 32 30 |
| E Mendenhall Com, " " | 49 20 |
| | $ 2127 65 |

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE AND COURT HOUSE.

| | |
|---|---|
| E M Tewksbury auditor | $ 25 00 |
| Eli Robbins " | 25 00 |
| J B Yetter " | 25 00 |
| Joshua Fetterman Commissioner | 18 00 |
| Charles Reichart " | 2 00 |
| R F Edgar " | 8 00 |
| J B Casey, stating accounts for '84 | 25 00 |
| D R Coffman, work at Court house | 151 53 |
| T. Gorrey, repairs reg. & recorders vault | 273 31 |
| Mrs Ann Furgison cleaning court house | 8 00 |
| W A Evans wheelbarrow | 2 00 |
| S H Hart, pens | 3 25 |
| Bloomsburg Water Co water rent | 48 00 |
| Taylor & Shaffer shoveling snow off roof | 8 00 |
| L Runyan & Co bill rendered | 14 50 |
| J R Schuyler, hardware ('84) | 15 68 |
| T H Edgar lumber | 20 74 |
| C C Galligan, repairs at Court house | 83 41 |
| J & E W Yost desk etc prothonot'ys office | 19 00 |
| Menagh & Coffman painting register & recorder's vault | 42 00 |
| Menagh and Coffman painting

FOR A DELICIOUS
—AND—
SATISFYING
BREAKFAST

Nothing equals griddle cakes raised by means of the health preserving, pure vegetable dry hop, WARNER'S SAFE YEAST to be had of all grocers

AT 10 CTS. A BOX.
10 Cakes in a Box.

If your grocer does not keep it order it by mail of

Warner's Safe Yeast Comp'y, Rochester, N.Y.



# The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY, 5, 1886.


CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

| NORTH. | SOUTH. |
|---|---|
| 6:36 a. m. | 11:49 a. m. |
| 3:42 p. m. | 6:13 p. m. |

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

| NORTH. | SOUTH. |
|---|---|
| 6:21 a. m. | 8:30 a. m. |
| 10:21 a. m. | 11:44 a. m. |
| 2:20 p. m. | 4:34 p. m. |
| 6:35 p. m. | 8:47 p. m. |

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloomsburg as follows:

| NORTH. | SOUTH. |
|---|---|
| 10:52 a. m. | 12:05 p. m. |
| 6:37 p. m. | 4:15 p. m. |

SUNDAY.

| NORTH. | SOUTH. |
|---|---|
| 10:14 a. m. | 6:48 p. m. |

## PUBLIC SALES.

Mary Smith will sell personal property on the premises of Aaron Smith in Hemlock township on Thursday, Feb. 18, at 10 a. m.

George W. Farver, executor of George Farver, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on premises in Jackson township, on Saturday, February 20, 1886, commencing at 2 o'clock p. m. See advertisement.

Stephen Polie will sell valuable personal property on his farm in Centre township Thursday March 4, 1886, commencing at 9 o'clock. Several head of horses and cattle, also chickens, farming utensils, &c.

## Personal.

Enos Jacoby is slowly improving.

Paul E. Wirt, Esq., went to New York on Tuesday.

Mr. Jas. Fritz is reading law in the office of C. G. Barkley, Esq.

James Barrett, Constable of Centralia, was in town on Monday.

Miss Stella Sickler, of Tunkhannock, is the guest of Miss Bessie McKelvy.

W. H. Rhawn, Esq., of Catawissa, is the only lawyer in the county who indulges in the luxury of a type-writer.

Albert Smith and John W. Smith, of Luzerne county, spent several days with their brother, Sheriff Smith, this week.

Rev. L. Zahner has gone on a western trip. He will be absent two weeks, and there will be no service at the Episcopal for the next two Sundays.

Jacoby sells sweet cider.

A Jersey calf for sale—with pedigree. Inquire of B. Stohner. 2t

I. S. Kuhn brought a car load of cattle from Buffalo on Tuesday.

A daughter of Alonzo Kressler is very sick with typhoid pneumonia.

M. C. Woodward will be a candidate for constable at the coming town election.

The back water and ice from the gorge in the river stopped the Barton mill the fore part of the week.

The coon saw its shadow on Tuesday. According to the old tradition there will be six weeks of cold weather.

An application for incorporation of Espy as a borough was before the Grand Jury on Wednesday and was not allowed.

There will be a grand ball at the Skating Rink the evening of Washington's birthday, two weeks from next Monday.

NOTICE. — Any one wishing a vendue crier, please call on the undersigned.
2t DAVID WINNER.

But few leaks have been found in the mains of the Steam company, and these are being repaired as rapidly as possible.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Tax Collector for the several districts of the town of Bloomsburg.
J. F. CALDWELL.

Dr. Shattuck, at the Sanitarium, opposite the depot, wishes to exchange a large Durham stock cow and some cash for a cow, part Jersey, giving a large mess of rich milk.

Election tickets, on good paper, for 25 cents a hundred at this office. Special tickets, with names printed in, 50 cents a hundred. Address the COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa. tf

Most of the cases on the criminal list being either continued or settled, all traverse jurors not empanneled in the case of Commonwealth vs. Holland, were discharged on Tuesday afternoon.

A hotel license has been granted to Jacob L. Girton at the stand now occupied by him, and he is prepared to entertain strangers and travelers, as well as his friends. Stabling connected with the hotel.

President Edward H. Magill, of Swarthmore college, will deliver a lecture in the Normal Hall on Wednesday evening, February 17th. His subject is one in which the public is interested. All are invited. Admission free.

There was a very pleasant party at Masonic Hall in Catawissa last week, Thursday evening, and dancing was indulged in until far into the next morning. Metherell's orchestra furnished the music and we are informed that it gave general satisfaction.

In an opinion filed last Tuesday Judge Elwell holds that service of a summons on a superintendent of a railroad incorporated in this State, but having its principal office out of the State, is not a good service, in an action for damages caused by the negligence of the defendant.

Miss E. Peterman died on Tuesday morning at her residence on Main street, aged 63 years. Her death resulted from a paralytic stroke received a few weeks ago. She was engaged in the millinery business for several years and acquired some property. The funeral took place on Thursday at 2 o'clock, Rev. Manhart officiating.

A horse belonging to Backalews' livery came dashing down Main street last Friday with the sleigh upside down. W Ager was coming from Lightstreet with it and in turning out for a team on Turkey Hill he upset and the horse came on alone. It was stopped by F. D. Dentler in front of his store. The sleigh was badly broken, and one of the horse's hind legs was cut.

I hereby announce myself as candidate for Collector of Taxes of the several districts of the town of Bloomsburg.
2t D. F. WEISS.

L. Bernard has a fine stock of watches, jewelry and silverware. Only first class goods at low prices all goods warranted as represented. dec 11-tf

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Benton for month ending Jan. 31 1886.

Mr. P. K. Patton, Mrs. S. A. Conner.

CARDS.

J. Hench.

Ella E. Appleman P. M.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending Feb. 2, 1886:

Miss Emma J. Barto, William H. Evans, Mr. G. C. Fagiman, James Funston, James Kisner, Miss Minnie Madgeburg, Miss Emma Miller, Mr. W. B. Patton, Mr. C. S. Tilley.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

Dr. Shattuck, the proprietor of the Rest Cure Sanitarium at this place, has recently built an incubating department in connection with his poultry houses and has on exhibition in running order the *Perfect Hatcher*, which is considered one of the finest incubators made in this country. The Dr. will be glad to show these machines to any persons desiring to purchase. Much time and labor in these days are being saved by hatching chickens by incubators.

This is the substance of what the *Sentinel* of last week says about the Court Proclamation: "The commissioners had no right to make a contract for the publication of the Court Proclamation, but the *Sentinel* insists on being paid for it without any contract. The form is illegal, but the *Sentinel* demands pay for it though illegal." The *Sentinel* has great sympathy for the "poor tax payer" when some other paper gets the pay, but has no hesitation in demanding pay for the same work that it insists no one else ought to be paid for." Logical isn't it?

Paul E. Wirt bought a new Farrel safe, and it arrived on Thursday of last week. In taking it up stairs to his office on the second floor of the COLUMBIAN building, too small a rope was used, and when the safe was near the top of the stairs the rope broke and the safe descended like an earthquake and stopped on the pavement. The safe in its descent kept on the planks most of the way and did no injury to the side walls, but tore up the steps badly, and broke a hole in the floor, at the foot of the stairs, but was not injured itself. Henry Ort's team stood in the street near by, untied, and the noise frightened them so that they ran off, but were caught down Market street before doing any damage. The safe weighed about 1900.

Among those who have favored us either in person or by letter recently are Isaac D Patton, G. M. Kline, H. W. Hippensteel, John H. Shultz, H. R. Reedy, John Kempton, I. K. Krickbaum, G. W. Raber, H. M. Johnson, D. K. Sloan, Reuben Bomboy, J. H. Parker, L. B. Rupert, W. B. Peterman, G. B. Robbins, G. P. Driesbach, Andrew Clark, H. H. Brown, William Miller, A. W. Snyder, A. B. Croop, J. G. Pursel, James Peterman, A. O. Stronge, John Kirkendall, J. G. Swank, Phineas Smith, Thomas Weaver, J. Hess, I. K. Appleman, R. Kitchen, Mrs. E. D. Hughes, S. W. Hill, P. Delong, C. B. White, P. V. Weaver, C. I. Belles, Jacob Geisinger, Eli McHeary, I. L. Stackhouse, Harman Kline, J. F. Derr, Andrew Conley, Mrs. Ella Hartman, Benjamin Miller, E. M. Wardin, Peter Brugler, J. A. Funston, G. Y. Moury, C. L. Sands, J. R. Bibby, Isaac Andreas, G. W. Appleman, Simon Reichard, John Moran, Jacob Fisher, John Fetterman, Cornelius Fetterman, W. L. Cole, Elisha Brugler, Samuel Helwig.

## Election Notices.

We will send by mail post-paid to any constable in the county, one dozen election notices on receipt of 10 cents. This is much cheaper than they can be written. tf

## Lecture at Millville.

Edward H. Magill, President of Swarthmore college, will lecture at Millville on the evening of the 18th inst. His subject is "The Value of a Modern College Course of Study." He has much to say that is of service to the great cause of education.

## Sheriff's Sales.

Sheriff Smith sold the following properties at the Court House on Monday afternoon:

Three lots in Catawissa, sold as the property of C. W. McKelvy to Deborah J. McKelvy, for $30.

Property of John Waters, in Espy, to M. C. Woodward, for $200.

The sale of property of Daniel S. Young was adjourned until Saturday at 2 p. m.

## Notice.

TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

I have on hand and for sale 1,000,000 ft. of one-inch second-growth white pine boards, including about 100,000 ft. of pitch pine, is a good quality and all perfectly dry, has been piled two years, will sell reasonable for cash. Also a lot of hemlock fencing and shingles of different kinds. ROBB MCHENRY,
Jan. 15, 1886,-4t. Benton, Pa.

## About Road Tax.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has recently rendered several decisions of general interest in the matter of road tax. The right of farmers to work out their road tax has been generally if not universally conceded; supervisors in a few townships, insisted on the tax being paid in money. A test case has been decided in favor of the tax-payers, and their right to work out the tax distinctly and finally affirmed. In other cases collectors of road taxes have claimed a commission on the part worked out, as well as that paid into the township treasury. The Supreme Court decides that all claims for such commissions should be rejected, the working out of the tax imposing no labor on the collector or treasurer but on the supervisor who is paid for his services.

## Another Defeat for Simon P. Case.

A short time ago Judge Penrose, of the Orphans' Court, filed an adjudication of the account of the estate of Charles C. Rhodes, Sr., who died intestate in April, 1884. When the estate was under audit a number of large claims were presented against it, among which was that of Simon P. Case for $511,688, alleged to be due under transaction said to have taken place between the claimant and the decedent some years ago in connection with the affairs of the Danville, Hazleton and Wilkes-Barre Railroad, and that of Holmes B. Kelley, who claimed some $13,500 for the alleged raising of money on Mr. Rhode's notes, and the negotiation and sale of railroad bonds for him. The judge disallowed both claims, and both claimants subsequently filed exceptions to his ruling. Argument was held by the Court in banc recently upon the exceptions and Judge Ashman filed an opinion in the matter dismissing the exceptions and confirming Judge Penrose's adjudication.

## Berwick.

After the conflagration in Philadelphia the inadequacy of her water works is discovered or rather it has been known for many long years, yet was neglected, and also the inefficiency of her fire engines.

The same way with Berwick. We have our little engine that wouldn't save a smoke house, and plenty of boys who could handle a good fire engine. A gale of wind during a fire here, would destroy the town without help or hope. People who own properties in town neglect the means to save them in cases of emergency. "Fore warned, fore armed" is of no account.

It is said there are some prospects of Dr. Harter moving from Nescopeck to Berwick. His practice and his success proclaim him a good physician.

Trescott Bros. have sold 21 sleighs this season, and have contracts for selling more.

The business prospects for Berwick are brightening.

The Evangelical church, Nescopeck, has a revival.

The Salvation Army, of Bloom, made application here for a hall, and went away disappointed.

Now, that our borough elections are coming on it is to be hoped parties will be elected that will see to lighting our streets. They have been in a deplorable condition for years. One could cut the dense darkness with a knife. Pedestrians, going to or from home, must stumble against each other or against a tree, fence or dry goods boxes or porticoes. The borough expended many dollars years ago for lamps, and where are they? Put away to rest. Let there be reform in this matter, and our streets decently lighted, as other towns.

Our pavements have been entirely neglected. The snow allowed to remain on them to become ice for people to break their necks or limbs on. More wretched sidewa'ks cannot be found in any town in the State. The responsibility lies with our authorities. Every property owner should be compelled to remove the snow before his property promptly before it becomes ice, so that travel would be safe; or it should be done at his expense. Why has this matter been neglected?

Rev. E. H. Yocum, after a revival of months in the M. E. Church here, has started up a revival in Nescopeck with his usual success. The Rev. is a symmetrical divine, an excellent preacher and pastor, and a hard worker. His equals are scarce.

The future looks favorable for Berwick in the way of business. All the stores are doing a good business.

Our schools are in a flourishing condition. Miss Armstrong fills the bill as principal. Some talk of her going to Chicago to teach after her time is out here. Berwick's loss will be Chicago's gain.

Our Literary Club is quite an attraction. It meets Saturday nights in the Y. M. C. A. hall It is attended with fine instrumental music.

We hear very little of the Chatauqua Circle, yet we understand it meets monthly. It is rather exclusive in its policy and none but the so-called *elite* attend it. It was originally intended for the masses, and those who are most in need of education and instruction.

J. G. Jacoby is doing a fine insurance busines.

Hower, of Bloom, is doing a good dental business here.

Jno. Kipner's new domicil on Market St. is assuming fine proportions.

Jno. Lewis Bros., of Bloom, are selling Florida oranges here rapidly and cheap.

It is rumored that Boyer will occupy the Hoyt House in the Spring. Mr. Hoyt will retire and become a private citizen of Berwick.

I hereby announce myself as candidate for Collector of Taxes of the several districts of Bloomsburg. DAVID WINNER.

## Catawissa.

The ice has been gorged in the river at this place and making the river banks full. It yet has done no damage, but fears are entertained that in case of a sudden thaw, it may prove dangerous.

Pay day on the 5th inst. will make the faces of the P. R. R. R. men happy and the merchants have full pocket-books.

Mr. Shook purposes taking charge of the railroad hotel on the first of April.

We find quite a number of people in town from up the river, who have to come to town to cross the river, as the river is not passable between here and Berwick at present.

The employes of the Penna. R R. do not seem to think that the plan of making them give a part of their wages each month is going to be any benefit to them in case of a discharge, or that they seek other employment.

There are quite a number of our citizens attending court this week.

We notice that farmers on this side of the river are taking advantage of the good sleighing to haul lime, so as to improve their farms.

Salesman drumming coal and iron operators, hardware, &c., can add A 1 line. One of our agents earned over $3,000 last year. Box 1371 New York. 2t.

Get your sale bills at the COLUMBIAN office where you can get the best job for the least money. They can be ordered by mail by sending us the names, list of articles and time and place of sale. tf

## Centre.

MESSRS. EDITORS:

The communication from Centre, in your last week's issue, contained so many blunders and misstatements, that we cannot forbear making a few corrections.

We believe that the village of Centreville is situated on the North branch of the Susquehanna instead of the West branch.

The proprietor of the hotel at the above place is John S. Mann, not Jackson Mann.

The old homestead of John Kelchner, deceased, was purchased by Lafayette Creasy for the sum of $7,500, rather than "the nominal sum of $750."

Several other names of persons were incorrectly given, but the above items will suffice.

Correspondents may and do add greatly to the interest and value of a local paper, by giving the doings and happenings, &c of their respective localities; but they should be reasonably sure of the truth of their statements before giving them to the public.

A little more judgment and care exercised by some of the correspondents of the several papers of Bloomsburg, in rejecting items entirely trifling and personal in their nature, would, we think, be acceptable probably to a large majority of the readers. A SUBSCRIBER.


## Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites

Its Use in Lung Troubles.

Dr. Hiram Cadoretto, of Jacksonville, Fla. says: "I have for the last ten months prescribed your Emulsion, to patients suffering from lung troubles, and they seem to be greatly benefitted by its use."


## Court Proceedings.

The regular February session of court began on Monday morning at 10 o'clock, his Honor, Judge Elwell, and Hons. Shuman and Lake on the bench.

Constables returns made.

Grand Jurors called, and Ezekiel Fritz of Jackson appointed foreman. John Watters of Scott appointed tipstave.

The following auditors' reports were confirmed nisi: on exceptions to account of Geo. Hartman, surviving executor of Seth Hartman; estate of Thos. W. Young; on exception to account of Thos. Dallman, guardian of Chas. Dallman; estate of Patrick Murphy; in the matter of money paid into court on mortgage of Jacob Kreigh to Jacob Brobst et. al.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Fedder, recognizance in $500 for appearance at next sessions.

Commonwealth vs. Simon Poust, recognizance for appearance at next sessions.

Commonwealth vs. Benj. T. Fetterman, nol. pros. entered.

Commonwealth vs. William Lovell, selling liquor without license, true bill.

Commonwealth vs. Mrs. W. Zeigler, assault and battery, nol. pros. entered.

Commonwealth vs. R. Joyce, desertion, nol pros entered.

Commonwealth vs. Simon Poust, fornication and bastardy, nol. pros. entered.

On motion of W. H. Rhawn Esq. Horace B. Douty of Ann Arbor, Mich., was admitted to practice in Columbia county.

Commonwealth vs. John Eifort, malicious mischief, nol pros entered.

Thomas Barrett was smorn as a citizen of the United States.

Commonwealth vs. Calvin Gross, fornication and Bastardy, true bill.

Applications for licenses were considered, and all licenses granted except M. Brennan's which was a new one for the borough of Centralia.

Report of viewers of a road in Sugarloaf confirmed nisi.

Widow's appraisement and executors' and guardians accounts confirmed nisi.

Mary E. Jones vs. William E. Jones, alias subpoena in divorce awarded.

Petition for a special tax in Sugarloaf township filed, and approved by the court.

Report of viewers of the following roads confirmed nisi; in Benton near A. W. Wilkinson; in Catawissa near H J. Reeder's.

Inquest awarded in the estate of Humphrey M. Parker.

Commonwealth vs. A. J Evans, assault and battery, nol pros entered.

Commonwealth vs. C. F. Harder, false pretenses, cause unfounded, defendant discharged.

Commonwealth vs. Geo. R. Parker, larcency, defendant pleads guilty, and makes a statement of the circumstances, going to show that he did not comprehend the crime he was committing. Sentenced to county jail 30 days, and costs of prosecution.

Commonwealth vs. William Lovell, defendant pleads guilty. A. D. Seeley, special detective, was called and stated that he had bought liquor of defendant in Conyngham township, and that the place had a bad reputation. The Court stated that the detective had been sent down there because the people in the neighborhood were afraid to complain. Lovell was sentenced to pay a fine of $200 and costs of prosecution.

N. U. Funk Esq. continued as auditor on exceptions to account of guardian of Laura Parker, to file his account on Feb. 8th.

W. Chrisman Esq. continued as auditor in estate of M. Everett to report Feb. 8th.

Commissioners to value and appraise real estate of Henry Gable deceased, continued.

M. L. Luke vs. O. F. Ferris et ux, rule to show cause why judgment shall not be opened and the mechanic's lien stricken off.

Col. Freeze continued as auditor in estate of Cora Creveling, a minor.

C. G. Barkley Esq. continued as auditor in estate of Mary F. Tremly, a minor.

C. G. Barkley as auditor to distribute proceeds of sheriff's sale of personal property of Espy Mfg. Co., with leave to file his report at any time during the term.

W. H. Rhawn Esq. continued as auditor in estate of Joseph Hess, to report Feb. 8th.

J. H. Maize Esq continued as auditor in estate of E. J. McHenry, to report Feb 8th.

C. G. Barkley Esq continued as auditor in distribution of proceeds of sale of real estate of D. S. Brown, to report at next Argument court.

Bessie Van Tassel vs. T. W. Van Tassel alias subpoena in divorce awarded.

Greenwood School district vs. Emma Dewitt et. al. rule to show cause why judgement against W. Krickbaum shall not be stricken off and fi. fa. stayed.

## Granting Licenses.

On Tuesday morning the Court disposed of the applications for licenses in which witnesses had been heard. These were but three and in passing upon them Judge Elwell said:

We do not think that there is a necessity for any additional saloons in Centralia. Our disposition is to diminish, rather than to increase the number. For myself, I look upon saloons as far more likely to be injurious to the community than hotels; for they are used mainly, almost solely, as mere drinking places, while hotels, if properly provided, are homes for the traveler and stranger, and in that respect are a necessity. There is no objection to Mr. Brennan; so far as appears, he is a sober and respectable man but to grant his application would be to increase the number of saloon-licenses in the borough of Centralia, and we therefore reject it.

There was an application in this town for a saloon-license at May term. We laid it down then as a rule that we would not increase the number of licensed places; and we refused the application, though there was no objection to the applicant nor to the place.

Mr. McBriarty, holder of a saloon-license in Centralia, is well qualified and prepared in every respect (according to the evidence here) to keep a hotel—a public necessity, as testified. To grant his application will not increase the number of drinking places and will bring the place better within the control of the court. We have concluded to grant him a hotel-license.

The same remarks are applicable to the application of Mr. Girton for a hotel-license in Bloomsburg. Some four or five years ago there was an application by Mr. Caldwell for the same house, which was refused, not on account of any unfitness in the applicant, but partly because the building at that time was deemed unsuitable for the purpose. We then heard evidence pro et contra, and came to that conclusion. There are no objections against Mr. Girton as the keeper of a public place, he having maintained a good reputation in that respect for a number of years; in fact, his saloon, as a restaurant, as an eating-house, has a character above that of the ordinary saloon.

Since the former application, the house has been repaired; and, although it is a small one, it may, as is claimed, accommodate some portions of the public—teamsters and others who dislike to put up at the larger hotels. The necessity is alleged and shown by a number of witnesses, and not disproved. We grant the license.

## East Benton.

Mr. Samuel Appleman, a respected citizen of Benton township and a Ft. Mifflin Victim, died last Friday night and was buried Tuesday a. m. in the Benton cemetery. A messenger was sent to Cambra to summon Rev. D. M. Kinter to preach the funeral sermon where he was holding a series of meetings. But the Rev. had started on a trip up the river, but was summoned by telephone at Shickshiny from whence he had not yet departed.

Wellington Hughes of Cambra owns a herd of several hundred hogs among which hog cholera is making sad havoc.

Alf. McHenry of Cambra lost another horse last week.

Isaac Belles lost a valuable horse several weeks ago.

There is stopping at Cambra at present a horse doctor and agent, taking insurance on live stock for a Mifflinburg insurance company.

Mr. Benton should not retire from the correspondence list from such a lively town as Benton. The correspondent ought be a McHenry from the fact that represents the largest and most numerous family name in the county. As a rule they are noted as intelligent, sober, industrious and an enterprising people, and their influence is a power in the county.

Mr. John Dresher, formerly of Stillwater, but now a citizen of Delaware, put in an appearance at St. James last Sunday. He reports the peach crop all right yet. He resides in peach land.

The measles are canvassing in the neighborhood of Cambra and Bendertown and are solicitors to raise a misery's company, but have not been successful thus far in adding many new recruits.

What is wrong about the court proclamation? The *Sentinel* has it published word for word as the COLUMBIAN. We suggest a committee of investigation to examine the Auditor's report and the court proclamation; Let them have another coat of "whitewash."

Quite a number leaning over towards the sick list. Mrs. George M. Gibbons is seriously ill.

We acknowledge receipt of the "Pictorial Annual for 1886" illustrative of domestic and foreign family life and customs both ancient and modern, city and country contrasts, pioneer life, admirable mountain scenery and scenery by land and sea, at home and abroad, in the wilds of the West and "Sunny South," including illustrations of beautiful architectural art and the old log school. These varied pictorial sceneries are not only pleasing, but instructive and inspiring, naturally leading the mind to further inquiry and search to learn more about what is represented. For the above favor please accept our thanks, and also the thanks of all the recipients of said favor in our vicinity. We say thanks, for we know that they cannot feel otherwise than very grateful.

### A PUZZLE.

My 6, 8, 9, 5, is a metal.
My 10, 12, 11, 2, is a small liquid measure.
My 3, 1, 4, 9, is destruction.
My 7 is sometimes a vowel.
My whole was one of the leaders in the movement that revolutionized Christendom.

If your liver is out of order, if you are bilious, if you have dyspepsia, if you have no appetite, do not suffer but take one bottle of Keller's Catarrh Remedy. Try it. See advertisement.

## Lightstreet.

This being the time of year that a scarcity of items of general interest are to be found, I hardly know how to fill up the space allowed for correspondence but will endeavor to give some details of transactions that have taken place during the past week.

On Friday night last quite a number of our citizens in company with the band visited Rev. H. W. Buck of Espy by way of a pound party by which the line of groceries and eatables in general were replenished for the Rev. gentleman to excess but now for the fun which generally accompanies such sleighing parties. On the return the driver of the four horse team drove into the ditch at the lower end of town and let the occupants out on the side walk. Fortunately no one was hurt.

On Saturday last quite a number gathered at the hotel kept by Reese Fairman to engage in a fox chase. As far as we know hounds were entered for the chase by the following gentry: H. B. Low, Thos Vanatta, Charles Vanliew, Geo. Whitenight, Frank Mordan and J. D. Terwilliger. The fox was given half an hour start and then the hounds were let loose. The fox having the start kept it, as the wind kept the track filled with snow so that the hounds were baffled. He was followed until 6 o'clock but was not captured. Amount received for him, five dollars and fifteen cents.

In perusing the paper of last week we notice an error in the sale of real estate of John Kelchner instead of seven hundred and fifty dollars it should have been seven thousand and fifty dollars.

The only reliable catarrh remedy on the market to-day is Ely's Cream Balm, being free from poisonous drugs and offensive odors. It has cured thousands of acute and chronic cases where all other remedies have failed. It quickly cures cold in the head and catarrhal headache. Price, 50cts.

## LOCAL NOTICES.

Lace curtains will be opened this week at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

People coming to Court next week are invited to buy a bolt of muslin at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

It will pay you to see the $1,000 worth of embroideries and white goods just being opened at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Want 100 teams to haul bark now, to be unloaded in the cars at the railroad. Also, potatoes, turkeys, chickens, geese, ducks, pigeons, thritty, white, clean shotes, that weigh from 25, 30, 40 50, 60, to 75 pounds. Butter, eggs, nice green apples, cloverseed and onions, at Lightstreet.
[2½m.] SILAS YOUNG.

The rush will be to see I. W. Hartman & Son's fine Hamburg's next week.

6,000 yards of muslin—5½c. to 30c.—at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

All persons are hereby notified that any persons buying Conyngham township orders will purchase the same subject to any equities that may exist as to the taxpayers.

That the Taxpayers Association are willing to make all roads, keep in repair all roads and bridges free of expense to individual taxpayers for the year 1885, and subject to the direction of the Supervisors of said township and as there is no legal tax levied for the year, and all legitimate expenses of the Road Department are being paid, there is no necessity for any orders being issued.

All orders require the signatures of both Supervisors of the Township Clerk and should bear the seal of the township.

The above notice is being given so that all persons can govern themselves accordingly. S. M. RILEY,
Agent for Taxpayer's Association.
Ashland, Pa., Nov. 27, '85.-tf.

I. W. Hartman & Son's stock of black and colored dress goods have been admired for quality, style and price.

The place to buy black silk is at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

## MARRIAGES.

IKELER—SMITH.—At the residence of C. L. Sands, Esq., at Mordansville, by C. L. Sands, Esq., January 21, 1886, Mr. Geo. M. Ikeler, of Mordansville, to Miss Sadie M. Smith, of Greenwood.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

Send to C. I Hood & Co., Lowell Mass., for a book containing statements of many remarkable cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Dozens of letters a day pour in upon Dr. David Kennedy, of Roundout, N. Y., from people who have been benefitted by using his popular preparation called Kennedy's 'Favorite Remedy.' And they often illustrate what this remarkable medicine accomplishes in some new and hitherto untried field of operation. Not infrequently patients come long distances to grasp the Doctor by the hand and express their gratitude for deliverance from pain."
—Troy (N. Y.) *Daily Times.* [j.15-4t.

Adolph Lalloz, carriage manufacturer, 119 Carrol Street, Buffalo, N. Y., states: "I was troubled with nausea of the stomach, sick headache and general debility. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me."

PROTECTION FROM MALARIA.

The preventative is the far-famed Southern remedy, Simmons Liver Regulator, a purely vegetable tonic, cathartic and alterative. It acts more promptly in curing all forms of malarial diseases than calomel or quinine, without any of the injurious consequences which follow their use. Take the Regulator and it will keep your liver, bowels and kidneys in perfect order, and you will never have an experimental knowledge of the meaning of the word malaria.

The powerful curative properties of a Hop Plaster are irresistible when applied to Backache, Swollen Joints and muscles, Sciatics, Pleurisy, Sharp pains, or any sort of soreness. The best and strongest porous plaster made. A trial will demonstrate it. 25c.

We do not sound a needless alarm when we tell you that the taint of scrofula is in your blood. Inherited or acquired, it is there, and Ayer's Sarsaparilla alone will effectually eradicate it.

I had to comb back the hair from my forehead and omit the parting to conceal my baldness. Since then Parker's Hair Balsam has made my hair as thick and glossy as ever. Ladies whose hair is getting thin will find the Balsam just splendid. Mary Swanson, Chicago. [jan-15-4t.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE ON SPEER'S WINES.

A committee was appointed to visit Alfred Speer's vineyards and wine cellars at Passaic, N. J. The following is the report: "Many will be surprised to learn that within so short a distance of from New York City is an enterprise so extensive, of so much importance and so successful.

The qualities of these wines are not excelled by any producer in the world and during the season when the operations of handling the grapes and expressing the juices are in active progress it is interesting to visit the vineyards and witness the operation.

A. S. Heath, M. D., R. H. Martin, J. Disturnell, Com. For sale by druggists.

Many suffering people drag themselves about with failing strength, feeling that they are steadily sinking into the grave, when by using Parker's Tonic they would find a cure commencing with the first dose, and vitality and strength surely coming, back to them. [jan.-15-4t.

Certain minerals, once forming a part of almost every medicine, are now regarded dangerous and unnecessary. The evils they produce are worse than the diseases they were supposed to cure. Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters contains nothing but the juices of plants—and cures all disorders of the liver, skin, kidneys, digestive organs, and blood.

*From the Dundee "Record," Dundee, N. Y.*

I was troubled for a long time with nervous affections of the heart. It became so severe that I found it difficult to lie down—getting hardly two nights rest in a week. Heart would beat very fast at times, and at other times very slow. When lying down could hear every artery in my neck and chest beat, seemingly as loud as a clock's tick. I was treated by some of the best physicians in Steuben and Yates counties, but received no decided benefit. I accidentally saw one of Dr. Kilmer's "Invalid's Guide to Health," and after carefully reading it over concluded to try a bottle of his Heart Remedy. I did so, and after using four bottles I considered myself cured. I can conscientiously recommend his Ocean-Weed Heart Remedy to any one afflicted as I was. W. W. WESTCOTT,
Jan. 1, 1886. Editor Dundee *Record.*

Dr. Kilmer's Ocean-Weed Heart Remedy is sold by all druggists. Price, $1.00.
Laboratory, Binghamton, N. Y.
[Jan.-15-4t.

Every day adds to the great amount of evidence as to the curative powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Letters are continually being received from all sections of the country, telling of benefits derived from this great medicine. It is unequalled for general debility, and as a blood purifier, expelling every trace of scrofula or other impurity. Now is the time to take it. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all druggists.

We should have better preaching if the preachers were all sound and healthy men. Calvin may have had the dyspepsia, but it did him no good as a theologian. A Methodist minister of Hartford, Conn., writes that Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" cured him of chronic liver disease and indigestion. His brethren of all denominations are respectfully invited to note the fact. Sick preachers are in poor condition to proclaim the gospel news. Sound bodies are wanted. [jan.-15-4t.

**When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,**
**When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,**
**When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,**
**When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.**


DYSPEPSIA.—Its Nature, Causes, Prevention and Cure. By John H. McAvin, Lowell, Mass., 14 years tax collector. Sent free to any address. feb 5, sw d

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.
feb-5-4t d

FOR SALE.

A lot of ground situate on Third street in Scott Town, near the Fair ground, about sixty by two hundred feet, on which is erected a dwelling house, grocery store, large bake oven, stable and out-buildings.

Also, another lot of ground adjoining the above about forty by two hundred feet on which is erected a DWELLING HOUSE, nearly new, nicely painted, and out-buildings.

For terms and conditions apply to
A. C. RABB,
Exchange, Montour county, Pa.
Or C. W. Miller, Bloomsburg, Pa.
jan. 29, 4t.

E. B. BROWER
PLUMBING,
GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING

DEALER IN
STOVES & TINWARE.

All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to.

Strict attention given to heating by steam.

Corner of Main & East Sts.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

CURES ALL HUMORS,

from a common **Blotch**, or **Eruption**, to the worst **Scrofula. Salt-rheum, "Fever-sores," Scaly or Rough Skin**, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine. **Great Eating Ulcers** rapidly heal under its benign influence. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing **Tetter, Rose Rash, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Hip-Joint Disease, White Swellings, Goitre, or Thick Neck**, and **Enlarged Glands**. Send ten cents in stamps for a large treatise, with colored plates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amount for a treatise on Scrofulous Affections.

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE." Thoroughly cleanse it by using **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery**, and **good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength, and sound sleep** will be established.

CONSUMPTION,

which is **Scrofulous Disease of the Lungs**, is promptly and certainly arrested and cured by this God-given remedy, if taken before the last stages of the disease are reached. From its wonderful power over this terribly fatal disease, when first offering this now celebrated remedy to the public, Dr. Pierce thought serious of calling it his **"Consumption Cure,"** but abandoned that name as too limited for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, alterative, or blood-cleansing, anti-bilious pectoral, and nutritive properties, is unequaled not only as a remedy for consumption of the lungs, but for all

CHRONIC DISEASES
OF THE
Liver, Blood, and Lungs.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills, alternating with hot flashes, low spirits and gloomy borebodings, irregular appetite, and coated tongue, you are suffering from **Indigestion, Dyspepsia**, and **Torpid Liver**, or **"Biliousness."** In many cases only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery** has no equal.

For **Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, Consumption**, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy.

Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. **Sold by Druggists.**

PRICE $1.00, OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

World's Dispensary Medical Association,
Proprietors, 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Pierce's LITTLE Pleasant LIVER Purgative Pellets PILLS.

ANTI-BILIOUS and CATHARTIC. Sold by Druggists. 25 cents a vial.

$500 REWARD

is offered by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure.

If you have a discharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, partial loss of smell, taste, or hearing, weak eyes, dull pain or pressure in head, you have Catarrh. Thousands of cases terminate in consumption.

Dr. Sage's CATARRH REMEDY cures the worst cases of Catarrh, "Cold in the Head," or Catarrhal Headache. 50 cents.

WARNER BRO'S

Five Gold and Two Silver Medals,

awarded in

## Excitement Unabated.

PROOF THAT THAT PHYSICIAN'S TERRIBLE CONFESSION IS TRUE.

*Cleveland, O., Herald.*

Yesterday and the day before we copied into our columns from the Rochester, N. Y., *Democrat and Cronicle*, a remarkable statement, made by J. B. Henion, M. D., a gentleman who is well known in this city. In that article Dr. Henion recounted a wonderful experience which befell him, and the next day we published from the same paper a second article, giving an account of the excitement in Rochester and elsewhere, caused by Dr. Henion's statement. It is doubtful if any two articles were ever published which caused greater commotion both among professionals and laymen.

Since the publication of these two articles, having been besieged with letters of inquiry, we sent a communication to Dr. Henion and also to H. H. Warner & Co., asking if any proof could be given, and here it is:

GENTLEMEN: I owe my life and present health wholly to the power of Warner's Safe Cure, which snatched me from the very brink of the grave. It is not surprising that people should question the statement I made (which is true in every respect) for my recovery was as great a marvel to myself, as to my physicians, and friends. * *

J. B. HENION, M. D.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan 21.

SIRS: The best proof we can give you that the statements made by Dr. Henion are entirely true, and would not have been published unless strictly so, is the following testimonial from the best citizens of Rochester, and a card published by Rev. Dr. Foote.

H. H. WARNER & Co.

*To Whom it May Concern:*

We are personally or by reputation acquainted with Dr. Henion, and we believe he would publish no statement not literally true. We are also personally or by reputation well acquainted with H. H. Warner & Co., proprietors of Warner's Safe Cure, (by which Dr. Henion says he was cured) whose commercial and personal standing in this community are of the highest order, and we believe that they would not publish any statements which were not literally and strictly true in every particular.

C. R. PARSONS, (*Mayor of Rochester.*)

WM PURCELL, (Editor *Union and Advertiser.*)

W. D. SHUART, (ex-Surrogate Monroe County.)

EDWARD A. FROST, (ex-Clerk Monroe County.)

E. B. FENNER, (ex-District Attorney Monroe County.)

J. M. DAVY, (ex-Member Congress, Rochester.)

JOHN S. MORGAN, (County Judge, Monroe Co.)

HIRAM SIBLEY, (Capitalist and Seedsman.)

JOHN VAN VOORHIS, (ex-Member of Congress.)

*To the Editor of the Living Church, Chicago, Ill.*

There was published in the Rochester (N. Y.) *Democrat and Chronicle* of the 31st of December, a statement made by J. B. Henion, M. D., narrating how he had been cured of Bright's disease of the kidneys, almost in its last stages, by the use of Warner's Safe Cure. I was referred to in that statement, as having recommended and urged Dr. Henion to try the remedy, which he did, and was cured. The statement of Dr. Henion is true, so far as it concerns myself, and I believe it to be true in all other respects. He was a parishioner of mine and I visited him in his sickness. I urged him to take the medicine and would do the same again to any one who was troubled with a disease of the kidneys and liver. ISRAEL FOOTE, (D. D.)

(Late) Rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church.

*Rochester, N. Y.*

If seems impossible to doubt further in the face of such conclusive proof.

## The Color of the Eye.

Some curious researches have recently been undertaken by Swiss and Swedish physicians on the color of the eye, but without any apparent practical purpose. For convenience all eyes were divided into blue or brown, the various shades of gray eyes being classified according to the prominence of blue or brown in their color. Some of the conclusions drawn from a great many observations are these: That women with brown eyes have better prospects of marriage than those with blue; that the average number of children is greater with parents whose eyes are dissimilar in color than with those whose eyes are similar. In children both of whose parents have blue eyes 93 per cent. inherit blue eyes; but in children both of whose parents have brown eyes only 80 per cent. have brown eyes. The above results were reached in Switzerland. In Sweden the discoveries were not quite the same. The women with brown eyes are more numerous than the men with brown eyes, but brown eyes are apparently increasing there, as in Switzerland.

## The Royal Baker and Pastry Book.

A Royal addition to the kitchen library. It contains over seven hundred receipts pertaining to every branch of the culinary department, including baking, roasting, preserving, soups, cakes, jellies, pastry, and all kinds of sweetmeats, with receipts for the most delicious candies, cordials, beverages, and all other necessary knowledge for the *chef de cuisine* of the most exacting epicure, as well as for the modest housewife, who desires to prepare a repast that shall be both wholesome and economical. With each receipt is given full and explicit directions for putting together, manipulating, shaping, baking, the kind of utensils to be used, so that a novice can go through the operation with success; while a special and important feature is made of the mode of preparing all kinds of food and delicacies for the sick. The book has been prepared under the direction of Prof. Rudmani, late *chef* of the New York Cooking School, and is the most valuable of the recent editions upon the subject of cookery that has come to our notice. It is gotten up in the highest style of the printers art, on illuminated covers, etc. A copy will be sent as a gift to every reader of this paper who will send their address to the Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall St., New York, who are the publishers of the book, stating that they saw the notice in this paper.

The remaining copies of the History of Columbia County, a book of 600 pages illustrated and bound in cloth will be closed out at $1.00 each, 25 cents extra by mail. For sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Bloomsburg, Pa

Pasteur, the great French chemist, sends the advice to this country, not to kill dogs which have bitten persons, but to keep them safely for ten days, because within that time if they are suffering from rabies the disease will develop, and if it does not, the fact is evidence that the animals were not mad, and there is no use in sending the bitten persons to him for treatment for hydrophobia. This advice accords with an opinion recently expressed by an Eastern gentleman, who is a great fancier of dogs, that the trouble among them which is supposed to be rabies is merely an epidemic of some ailment or other which makes them nervous and fretful, and more inclined to bite than usual.


Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — ALCOHOL

PURELY — DR. WALKER'S — CALIFORNIA

EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

**No other medicine** known so effectually purges the blood of deep-seated diseases.

**Millions bear testimony** to its wonderful curative effects.

**It is a purely Vegetable** Preparation, made from the native herbs and roots of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol.

**It removes the cause** of disease, and the patient recovers his health.

**It is the Great Blood Purifier** and Life-giving Principle; a Gentle Purgative and Tonic; a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the power of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to.

**The Alterative,** Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Anti-Bilious, Solvent, Diuretic and Tonic properties of VINEGAR BITTERS exceed those of any other medicine in the world.

**No person** can take the BITTERS according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

**Bilious, Remittent,** Intermittent and Malarial Fevers are prevalent throughout the United States, particularly in the valleys of our great rivers and their vast tributaries during the Summer and Autumn, especially during seasons of unusual heat and dryness.

**These Fevers** are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these organs, is absolutely necessary.

**There is no cathartic** for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as it will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

**Fortify the body** against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus forearmed.

**It Invigorates the Stomach** and stimulates the torpid Liver and Bowels, cleansing the blood of all impurities, imparting life and vigor to the frame, and carrying off without the aid of Calomel, or other mineral, all poisonous matter from the system. It is easy of administration, prompt in action, and certain in its results.

**Dyspepsia or Indigestion,** Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Pneumonia, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are at once relieved by VINEGAR BITTERS.

**For Inflammatory** and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, the Bitters have no equal. In these, as in all constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS has shown its great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

**Mechanical Diseases.**—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to Paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take occasional doses of VINEGAR BITTERS.

**Skin Diseases,** Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Swellings, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.

**Pin, Tape and other Worms,** lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like VINEGAR BITTERS.

**Measles, Scarlet Fever, Mumps,** Whooping Cough, and all children's diseases may be made less severe by keeping the bowels open with mild doses of the Bitters. This wonderful remedy is especially adapted to the system of children, for purifying herbs alone give it its remarkable curative powers. It contains no alcohol, opium or other poison.

**For Female Complaints,** in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, this Bitters has no equal.

**Cleanse the Vitiated Blood** when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.

**In conclusion:** Give the Bitters a trial. It will speak for itself. One bottle is a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

**Around each bottle** are full directions printed in different languages.

**R. H. McDonald Drug Co.,** Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal., and 528, 530 & 532 Washington St., Cor. Charlton St., New York.

**Sold by all Dealers and Druggists.**

LADIES WANTED to work for us at their own homes. $7 to $10 per week can be easily made; no canvassing; fascinating and steady employment. Particulars and sample of the work sent for stamp. Address HOME M'F'G CO., P. O. Box 1916, Boston, Mass. jan.22-4t.d.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for trial, and I will cure you. DR. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl st., N. Y.

and 22-4t-d

PLAID SHAWL GIVEN AWAY!

Through the failure of a large manufacturer of Cashmere Pattern Fringe Shawls, there has come into our hands a large consignment of Plaid Shawls, perfect goods, which we propose to present to the ladies in the following manner. Send us 25 cents for **5 months** subscription to **Farm and Household,** a large 32 page illustrated paper devoted to Farm and Household topics, Stories and general miscellany, and we will send you one of these **beautiful shawls FREE** by mail postpaid, or we will send 4 shawls and 5 subscriptions to one address for $1.00. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Address

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD, Box 40, Hartford, Conn.

PIANOS-ORGANS

The demand for the Improved MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS is now so large that a second addition to the factory has become imperative. Do not require one-quarter as much tuning as Pianos on the prevailing wood-pin system. Consult Catalogue, free.

100 Styles of ORGANS, $22 to $999. For Cash, Easy Payments, or Rented.

Mason & Hamlin Organ and Piano Co., NEW YORK: BOSTON: CHICAGO.

jan.-15-4t-ald.

WANTED.—Ladies or gentlemen in city or country to take light work at their own homes. $8 to $4 a day can be easily made; work sent by mail; no canvassing. We have good demand for our work and furnish steady employment. Address, with stamp, CROWN M'F'G COMPANY, 194 Vine St., Cincinnati, Ohio. jan.-15-4t-r.

THE DICK PATENT FEED CUTTER.

For cutting hay, straw, ensilage, etc. The only cutter that will cut and split cornstalks. Cannot be damaged by overfeeding. Very durable and strong. Has straight, heavy knives. Cuts six different sizes, and sold to suit the times. THOS. G. SMEDLEY, Gen. Agt., Williamstown Inn P. O., Chester Co., Pa. jan.-15-4t.-r.

DEAFNESS Its CAUSES and CURE, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the noted specialists of the day with no benefit. Cured himself in three months, and since then hundreds of others by same process. A plain, simple and successful home treatment. Address T. S. PAGE, 168 East 26th street, New York City. jan-22-4t-d.

$300,000 in presents given away. Send us 8 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $300,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. [dec18 85.

HELP for working people. Send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable sample box of goods that will pay you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. You can live at home and work in spare time only, or all the time. All of both sexes, of all ages, grandly successful, 50 cents to $5 easily earned every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Immense pay absolutely sure for all who start at once. Don't delay. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. [dec18.

Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., N. Y.


## How the Circus Man Eats.

Mr. James N. Mixon, who knows all about a circus, said to the *Cook*: "There are no people, excepting plainsmen—the skirmishers over the wild country of the west—who live as hard a life as circus employes, both performers and workmen. Their life is not as hard now, it is true, as it was some years ago, excepting with the small concerns. They are the 'wagon shows' that travel through the small towns. But even with the big concerns that travel by train it is hard enough now.

"Take the case of a wagon show that has to travel thirty miles after a night performance to get to the next town, where a street procession is to be made in the forenoon. The workmen, canvassmen and the like have to take breakfast at 11 o'clock at night. Then they get no meal till dinner, after the procession, say at noon. Wherever they are the work must be attended to first, and eating is a second consideration. With the performers, gymnasts, riders, clowns and the like it is not so bad. They get better pay and better food. As a rule they live on the best food there is to be had where they happen to be, and they take a great deal of it. Most of them are great beef eaters, and are not very particular whether the meat is cold or hot so long as it is good and plenty. They are very particular, however, about cleanliness. I have seen twenty or thirty of them get up and leave the table because the tablecloth was dirty; and when they want a meal they want it, and will have it. I have often seen them leave a hotel where they would have to wait fifteen minutes for a dinner that was paid for, and go to a restaurant where they have to buy another. They won't eat unless they are hungry; but they are always hungry after a night performance, and will not go to bed without a hearty supper. They say they can't sleep if they are empty.

"One thing that is peculiar about them is that they do not take medicine, and they are remarkably healthy. When they are out of sorts they diet themselves, each one according to his own ideas, but I don't think I ever saw $50 worth of medicine around the circus in all the years I have been in the business. Yes, they drink. Not to excess, but nearly all of them drink when they feel like it. They never drink, however, before performing. They are very careful of themselves. They have to be or they would not last long.

"As a matter of course, with their irregular habits, they are, in a certain sense, extravagant. Their extravagance, however, is mainly in the matter of eating. Experience teaches them very soon, if their own sense does not at first, that they must take the very best possible care of themselves physically, and that good eating is a primary consideration."

There has been in late years a vast improvement in all departments of the traveling circus, and in nothing has this been more observable, to those in the business, than in the provisions made for the health and comfort of the employes. A good chief cook with a circus will get as good a salary as a first class performer, and has to earn it.

Believing that the following article may be of a value to some teachers of the public schools, I give it to you for insertion in the COLUMBIAN.

Memory Knowledge. J.

BY SOLOMON SIAS.

"In spite of all that has been said, we have to-day in our country a large number of so-called teachers whose sum total of school room instruction consists in having the pupils memorize page after page of the text-books used. Notwithstanding it is a fact that memory knowledge is utterly useless, a waste of time and an abuse of mental power, they require the pupils to repeat word for word, paragraphs and pages of the geographies and histories used; some even require it in grammar; and not a few in arithmetic.

Go into these schools and see the poor little suffering children reading over the definitions and rules in their arithmetics—see their lips move as they are repeating the words over to themselves again, glancing down to the book when they cannot think of the exact word, and then beginning back to repeat it all over until they are sure they can say it exactly as it is in the book.

Are they to be made repeating machines? A kind of mental hand-organ to bring out disjointed words whenever the crank is turned? Whoever learned to extract the cube root of a number by memorizing the uncomprehended rule? And whoever knew a child to comprehend it from the explanation appended to it in the book? And how long will he remember it after the recitation is done? Not three weeks ago, conversing with a gentleman, he said, "Prof. ——— made us learn the whole of Brown's grammar, notes and all, and I believe I can repeat a big part of the book now, if you'll start me off right." "Did he make you correct the false syntax?" I asked. "Yes," he replied, "and give the rule for it." Poor fellow! he is the living example of the utter uselessness of such folly, such mere memory knowledge. He uses participles for past tenses, past tenses for participles, adjectives for adverbs, and adverbs for adjectives. He memorized the book that was all, he never understood it. What correct usages he has acquired by reading since his school days ended is all that is of any value to him. His memory knowledge is of no use to him unless he is wound up and started off like a music box or an alarm clock. "Polly wants a cracker."

But the advocates of memorizing claim "it strengthens the mental powers." Bosh! I would suppose it would strengthen the digestive organs if we eat a peck or two of chaff daily, for there might be some wheat in it, but I do not propose doing it. Do you?

There is sense in having the pupils learn "memory gems," little extracts from the statesman, philosophers, and poets of earth, for the sentiments will come up again and again, long after the mere words are forgotten, and will have an influence in moulding their characters and directing their lines of action and influence although they cannot quote the words. It is the sentiment, not the words, the idea not the dressing. Not so with these definitions, rules, paragraphs, they are words or nothing. They are the mirage of thought.

The simple fact is—These teachers who insist upon having the pupils memorize the text book are either, (1) too ignorant to develop in the child's mind a correct knowledge of the principles, rules, and definitions, or, (2) they are too lazy to do it.—*New York School Journal.*


WE WANT SALESMEN everywhere, local and traveling, to sell our goods. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms at once and state salary wanted. Address STANDARD SILVER WARE COMPANY, Washington St., Boston, Mass. jan-22-4t.d.

THE LIFE LESSON

Learned by a Prominent Hudson Odd Fellow.

[From the Hudson (N. Y.) Register.]

Mr. John Elting, a faithful Odd Fellow (Past Grand Lindenwald, No. 442) and a member of the Baptist Church, says: "I have been as most of my acquaintances in Hudson know, a sufferer from dyspepsia for ten years. Beginning with indigestion, sour stomach and flatulence, I became so weak that my body became a burden to heavy to carry and my mind was weighted down by a gloomy despondency. After eating I felt as if I had a ball of glowing iron in my stomach; my abdomen would bloat and I was afflicted almost constantly with a sick headache. A lady learning of my condition, advised me to use DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY, telling me what an infinite deal of good it had done her and others whom she knew. I began taking it in the latter part of August, and used altogether only three bottles, when it achieved in me the most wonderful improvement. I have now gained flesh, and feel stronger, better and happier than I have in ten years. FAVORITE REMEDY cured my friend R. F. Hermans, of Ghent, of the lingering remains of malarial fever and of biliousness. Mr. Harvey Thomas, the grocer on Warren street, just below the Worth House, says that it has had wonderfully good effects upon him. Scores of my acquaintances say that having once tried it, they would never again be without it. I have given it to my children and found it the best medicine I have ever known for regulating their bowels and purifying their blood. The knowledge of this medicine I deem the greatest lesson of physical life."

**A Battle and its Victory.**—"I carried the burden of dyspepsia about all my life," said Mrs. Pierce, a lady eighty years old residing at Rochester, N. Y., "until about three years ago I began taking Dr. David Kennedy's 'Favorite Remedy'—of Rondout, you know—and it has given me more ambition and strength than I have had since I was young."

TRADE MARK.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY,

THE GREAT

Blood Purifier of the World.

AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR

CATARRH.

THE most stubborn cases yield readily to it and has not failed to **Cure** a single case where directions were followed. Its success has been remarkable and its cures wonderful. It is the most successful preparation in the market for CATARRH and the only one that promises an **Absolute, Positive Cure.** It is truly a blessing to mankind. **A Trial is all that is asked for it.** Once used, it is always recommended. Send for testimonials of actual cures.

IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR

MALARIA.

*A POSITIVE CURE IS ASSURED.*

One bottle is generally sufficient for a cure. Stop taking Quinine. A trial only is asked for KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY. It is a **SPECIFIC** for all diseases arising from an impure blood and drives all eruptions from the skin. For Syphilitic complaints it is superior to any preparation in the market. One bottle will cure most of the following complaints and a continued use will POSITIVELY cure. Save doctor bills and try it.

RHEUMATISM.
SCROFULA.
SKIN ERUPTIONS.
VENEREAL DISEASES.
DYSPEPSIA.
LOSS OF APPETITE.
FEELING OF LANGUOR.
BILIOUSNESS.
LIVER TROUBLES.
NERVOUS WEAKNESS.
FEMALE WEAKNESS.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY is no patent medicine, but a safe and pleasant preparation to take and surely the greatest medical discovery of the age. One bottle rejuvenates the entire system and possesses more virtue than a half dozen bottles of ordinary patent preparations. Write for testimonials and other information.

For sale by druggists generally.

PRICE $1.00 A BOTTLE. SIX BOTTLES FOR $5.00. On receipt of $5.00 by the manufacturers, SAMUEL F. KELLER & Co., Harrisburg, Pa., six bottles will be sent express paid.

TRADE MARK.

An Old Soldier's EXPERIENCE.

"Calvert, Texas, May 3, 1882.

"I wish to express my appreciation of the valuable qualities of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

as a cough remedy.

"While with Churchill's army, just before the battle of Vicksburg, I contracted a severe cold, which terminated in a dangerous cough. I found no relief till on our march we came to a country store, where, on asking for some remedy, I was urged to try AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

"I did so, and was rapidly cured. Since then I have kept the PECTORAL constantly by me, for family use, and I have found it to be an invaluable remedy for **throat and lung diseases.** J. W. WHITLEY."

Thousands of testimonials certify to the prompt cure of all **bronchial and lung affections,** by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it readily.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

SUPERIOR

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

MICROSCOPES. FIELD-GLASSES. BAROMETERS. TELESCOPES. MAGIC LANTERNS. THERMOMETERS. Drawing Instruments, Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus.

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QUEEN & CO.

924 Chestnut St. PHILADELPHIA.

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PATHOLOGICAL-DIAGRAM.

IF YOU have internal slime fever, canker, acrid phlegm, bad taste and offensive breath—Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT removes all these conditions. Ask your druggist for it. 25c., $1.

IF YOU have lost your appetite, or tongue coated, dry and parched lips and mouth, spittle dry and cottony, or have become emaciated—Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT will build up your broken down constitution. Ask your druggist for it. 25c $1

IF YOU have sudden attacks of sinking spells the face white and deathly pale, and experience feelings as though dying, and coldness seizes your very vitals—Dr. Kilmer's OCEAN-WEED rouses the heart's action and saves life. Druggists sell it. $1

IF YOU have organic disease, or pericardis, or heart case troubles, or have thick and sluggish blood, few as though bleeding would relieve you—Dr. Kilmer's OCEAN-WEED corrects and is the remedy you need. Druggists sell it. $1. 14.

A PRIZE, Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. [dec18-85.

VIRGINIA FARMS FOR SALE.

300 farms, 25 to 10,000 acres at $2 to $50 per acre. Good markets. Healthy climate. Favorable prospects. Write for free list containing full particulars. Send free. PYLE & SCHAVEN, REAL ESTATE AGENTS, Petersburg, Va.

TAKE

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

For all diseases of the

Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Spleen.

This purely vegetable preparation, now so celebrated as a Family Medicine, originated in the South in 1858. It acts gently on the Bowels and Kidneys and corrects the action of the Liver, and is, therefore, the best preparatory medicine, whatever the sickness may prove to be. In all common diseases it will, unassisted by any other medicine, effect a speedy cure.

The Regulator is safe to administer in any condition of the system, and under no circumstances can it do harm. It will invigorate like a glass of wine, but is no intoxicating beverage to lead to intemperance; will promote digestion, dissipate headache, and generally tone up the system. The dose is small, not unpleasant, and its virtues undoubted.

No loss of time, no interruption or stoppage of business while taking the Regulator.

Children complaining of Colic, Headache, or Sick Stomach, a teaspoonful or more will give relief.

If taken occasionally be patients exposed to MALARIA, will expel the poison and protect them from attack.

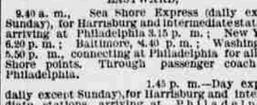
A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

I have been practicing medicine for twenty years, and have never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons Liver Regulator, promptly and effectively move the Liver to action, and at the same time aid instead of weakening the digestive and assimilative powers of the system. L. M. HINTON, M. D., Washington, Ark.

PREPARED BY

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.


## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.



DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

| NORTH. | | STATIONS. | SOUTH. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| p.m. | a.m | | a.m. | p.m. |
| 4 00 | 12 30 | ....Scranton.... | 9 15 | 2 05 |
| 3 54 | 12 26 | ....Bellevue.... | 9 20 | 2 10 |
| 3 48 | 12 22 | ....Taylorville.... | 9 26 | 2 15 |
| 3 40 | 12 15 | ....Lackawanna.. | 9 34 | 2 22 |
| 3 34 | 12 08 | ....Pittston.... | 9 40 | 2 27 |
| 3 27 | 12 03 | ....West Pittston. | 9 46 | 2 36 |
| 3 22 | 11 58 | ....Wyoming.... | 9 52 | 2 41 |
| 3 17 | 11 54 | ....Hunlock's.... | 9 56 | 2 44 |
| 3 12 | 11 50 | ....Hennett.... | 10 02 | 2 49 |
| 3 08 | 11 47 | ....Kingston.... | 10 05 | 2 50 |
| 3 08 | 11 47 | ....Kingston.... | 10 06 | 2 50 |
| 3 02 | 11 40 | Plymouth June. | 10 10 | 2 57 |
| 2 59 | 11 38 | ....Plymouth.... | 10 15 | 3 00 |
| 2 54 | 11 34 | ....Avondale.... | 10 20 | 3 05 |
| 2 50 | 11 30 | ....Nanticoke.... | 10 25 | 3 10 |
| 2 42 | 11 23 | Huntsville's Creek | 10 32 | 3 17 |
| 2 30 | 11 12 | ....Shickshinny.... | 10 44 | 3 29 |
| 2 18 | 11 00 | ....Rice's Ferry.... | 10 51 | 3 32 |
| 2 11 | 10 54 | ....Beach Haven.... | 10 56 | 3 46 |
| 2 05 | 10 47 | ....Berwick.... | 11 04 | 3 54 |
| 1 58 | 10 41 | ....Briar Creek.... | 11 10 | 4 12 |
| 1 54 | 10 38 | ....Willow Grove.... | 11 14 | 4 16 |
| 1 50 | 10 34 | ....Lime Ridge.... | 11 18 | 4 20 |
| 1 42 | 10 27 | ....Espy.... | 11 25 | 4 27 |
| 1 36 | 10 21 | ....Bloomsburg.... | 11 30 | 4 34 |
| 1 30 | 10 16 | ....Rupert.... | 11 36 | 4 40 |
| 1 25 | 10 11 | ....Catawissa Bridge | 11 41 | 4 46 |
| 1 08 | 9 56 | ....Danville.... | 11 58 | 5 04 |
| 1 00 | 9 49 | ....Chulasky.... | 12 05 | 5 12 |
| 0 55 | 9 45 | ....Cameron.... | 12 08 | 5 17 |
| 0 50 | 9 32 | ....Northumberland | 12 20 | 5 30 |
| p.m. | a.m. | | a.m. | p.m. |

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.

Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 1882

## Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect Nov. 8th, 1885. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD,

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 6.40 p. m.; Washington, 8.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.45 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 8.00 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.50 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.00 a. m. Baltimore, 5.25 a. m.; Washington 6.30 a. m.; sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

7.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.20 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.35—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1.00 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.30 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.20 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 1.00 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.30 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.15 a. m., with through Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH DIVISION.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.52 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.18 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.37 p. m. Wilkes-barre 7.58 p. m.

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.40 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.05 p. m., Sunbury 12.55 p. m.

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.15 p. m. Sunbury 5.10 p. m.

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.14 a. m. Wilkes-Barre 11.35 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.15 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.48 p. m., Sunbury, 7.45 p. m.

CHA. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent


Slates and Felts, Slate Mantels, Slate Black Boards, School Slate, Roofing Slate, Roofing Felts, 1, 2 & 3 Py.

J. L. HULL,

25 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pa

May 22-1y

T ASY COFFEE A handsome VASE LAMP given with a $5 order for Tea and Coffee, etc. An Iron Stone CHAMBER SET, 10 pieces, or a TEA SET, 44 pieces, or a handsome BRONZE HANGING LAMP given with a $10 order. A CHAMBER SET of 10 pieces, with blue, maroon or pink band or an IRON STONE CHINA TEA SET of 56 pieces, or a GLASS SET of 56 pieces given with a $12 order, HANDSOME PREMIUMS, consisting of Decorated China Ware in Tea sets, also Dinner and Tea Sets combined, and Chamber Sets, etc., etc., given with orders for $18, $20, $25, $28 and $50. Send for circular, which will give you full particulars. GRAND UNION TEA COMPANY, 25 South Main St Wilkes Barre, Pa. headquarters 80 Front street, New York City. CLUB ORDERS

may 15-1y

CLAREMONT COLONY!
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CLAREMONT COLONY!

A new House every 16 days in the last 6 years. Our village, only 32 months old, has 4 stores, 2 hotels, 2 churches, school, newspaper, factory, foundry, 2 steamboats, 2 trains and 3 mails daily. Land rapidly advancing. Send, send, send **by all means,** send for circulars with 4 maps, 36 Photographic cuts of houses, all about the wonderful growth of our colony, its soil, climate, markets, business opportunities, health, prices, terms, and 96 other distinct subjects. Farms for $200 on monthly installments to those having employment, without leaving their situation. Address J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Surry Co., Va.

Jan.-29-ald-4t.


## City and Country.

A recent census shows that Berlin, Prussia, now the capital of imperial Germany, contains 1,316,382 inhabitants, being an increase of about 200,000 since 1880. All other important cities of Europe show growth corresponding to this, while the villages and the agricultural regions remain stationary in population or show a diminution. A similar state of things exists in America. The country is continually depleted for the questionable advantage of the cities. Only in the Far West, where farming lands are cheap, is there a great growth of the agricultural population, and that is chiefly